

論文審査の要旨
(Summary of Dissertation Evaluation)

博士の専攻分野の名称 (Major Field of Ph.D.)	博士 (学術) Doctor of Philosophy	氏名 (Candidate Name)	VASILEVA VLADISAYA
学位授与の要件	学位規則第4条第1・2項該当		BILYANOVA
論文題目 (Title of Dissertation) An Examination of the Meaning of Atomic Bomb Survivors' (<i>Hibakusha</i>) Demands for an Official Apology and State Compensation			
論文審査担当者 (The Dissertation Committee)			
主 査 (Name of the Committee Chair)		Professor Kawano Noriyuki	
審 査 委 員 (Name of the Committee Member)		Professor Katayanagi Mari	
審 査 委 員 (Name of the Committee Member)		Professor Kawaguchi Takayuki	
審 査 委 員 (Name of the Committee Member)		Associate Professor van der Does Luli	
審 査 委 員 (Name of the Committee Member)		Professor Izumi Shizue (Faculty of Data Science, Shiga University)	
〔論文審査の要旨〕 (Summary of the Dissertation Evaluation)			
<p>This dissertation examined the direct, contextual, and symbolic meanings of the demands made by <i>hibakusha</i> for an 'official apology' and 'state compensation' from the US and Japanese governments.</p> <p>Chapter I of the dissertation presented the research objectives. Chapter II explained the characteristics of the measures offered to <i>hibakusha</i> by the US and Japanese governments. Chapter III reviewed existing literature on <i>hibakusha's</i> perspectives and victims' long-term demands for reparations. Chapter IV outlined an analytical framework elucidating how reparations acquire meaning for victims. Thereafter, it explained the three parts of the applied mixed-methods analysis, which included statistical model-based analysis and qualitative content analysis. The data came from two surveys (collected in 2005 by <i>Asahi Shimbun</i>, Hiroshima University, and Nagasaki University and <i>Nihon Hidankyo</i>) and interviews with <i>hibakusha</i>. Chapter V presented the study's outcomes. First, it clarified the characteristics of the <i>hibakusha</i>, based on their injuries, who demanded an 'official apology' and 'state compensation'. Next, it examined the priority given to these two demands in the context of <i>hibakusha's</i> other demands. Finally, it explored the self-perceived symbolic meanings ascribed by <i>hibakusha</i> to the two measures.</p> <p>The dissertation concluded (Chapter VI) that <i>hibakusha's</i> demands for an 'official apology' and 'state compensation' were invested with multilayered meanings. The provision of the two measures was associated with the need for the two governments to recognise the totality, unjustifiability, and inhumanity of the atomic bomb damage and acknowledge their responsibility. The formal provision of unambiguous reparations was found to be especially meaningful to the worst-affected respondents and those who suffered emotional and socioeconomic injuries. The provision of the two measures was also found to be perceived as building a norm against recurrence, which was a major priority for most respondents. Furthermore, it was also observed that, for some respondents, pursuing the two measures was a dutiful action owed to others and, as such, was meaningful as a manifestation of empathy and social solidarity.</p> <p>The study's outcomes provide a detailed account of <i>hibakusha's</i> perspectives. The dissertation stands out in its simultaneous discussion of <i>hibakusha's</i> demands towards both the US and Japanese governments. As such, it makes a significant contribution to the field of atomic bomb studies. In addition, it gives voice to opinions that are not easily</p>			

expressed by *hibakusha* in public. Furthermore, its outcomes provide insights for the development of appropriate measures for *hibakusha*, as well as other nuclear weapons victims. Lastly, the dissertation also contributes to the field of transitional justice by providing empirical evidence for some of the existing theoretical arguments regarding the concept of meaningful reparations.

Some of the main contents of the dissertation have already been published in two journal articles, one of them being in an SSCI IF journal. As a result of the above examination, the committee unanimously agreed that the dissertation is of sufficient value to confer the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

1. Vasileva, V.B. and Kawano, N. (2021) 'An examination of the meaning of atomic bomb survivors' demand for state compensation from the Japanese government: based on 2005 and 2009 Nihon Hidankyo surveys', *Hiroshima Peace Science*, 43, pp. 107–128. Available at: <http://doi.org/10.15027/52221>
2. Vasileva, V.B., Izumi, S., and Kawano, N. (2023) 'Addressing the atomic bomb damage: associations between "state compensation" demands and aspects of survivors' suffering', *Global Policy*, 14(3), pp. 500–515. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1111/1758-5899.13231>

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備考 要旨は、A4版2枚（1,500字程度）以内とする。

(Note: The summary of the Dissertation should not exceed A4 size, 2 pages (about 500 words).)