

UV and IR Spectroscopic Studies of Cold Alkali Metal Ion-Benzo Crown Ether Complexes in the Gas Phase

Hiroshima University and

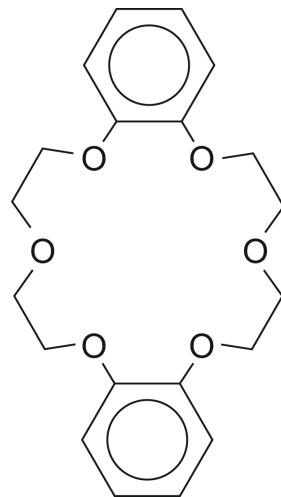
École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne

Y. Inokuchi, O. V. Boyarkin, R. Kusaka, T. Haino,
T. Ebata and T. R. Rizzo

cf. Inokuchi et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 12256
J. Phys. Chem. A **2012**, *116*, 4057

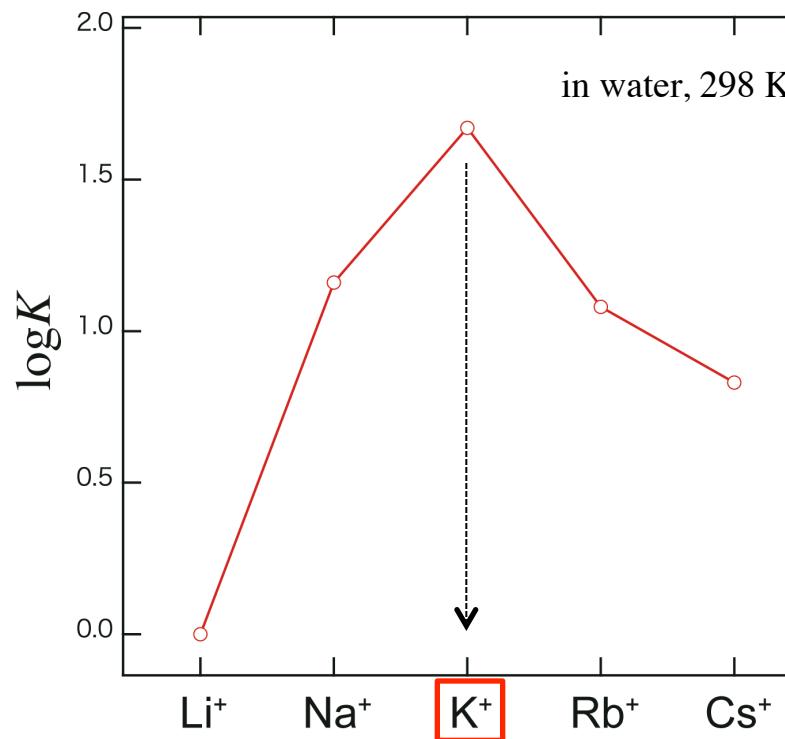
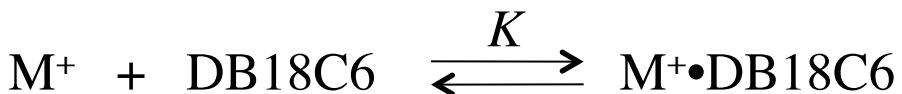
Crown Ethers

- Ionophores
 - Used as phase-transfer catalysts
 - *Ion selectivity*

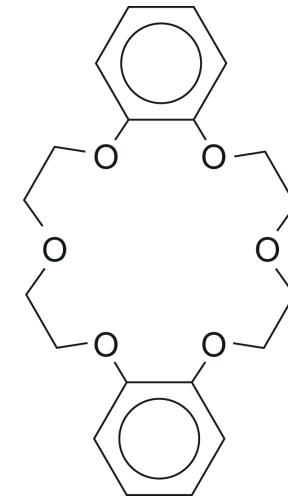


Dibenzo-18-crown-6 (DB18C6)

Ion Selectivity

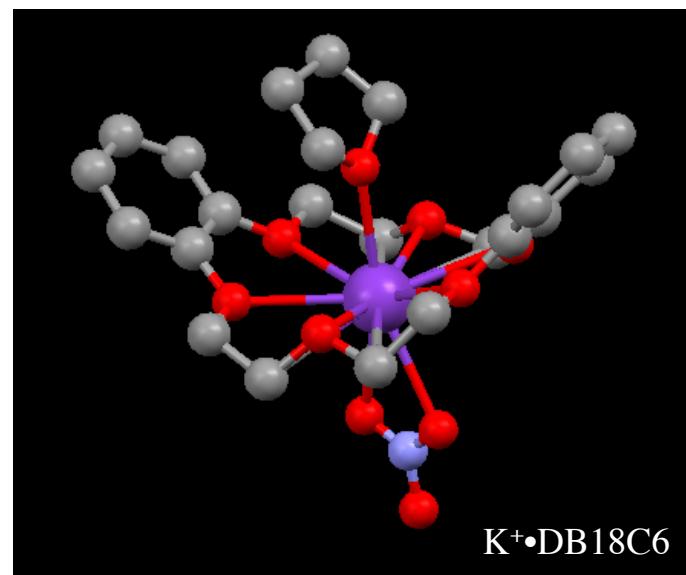
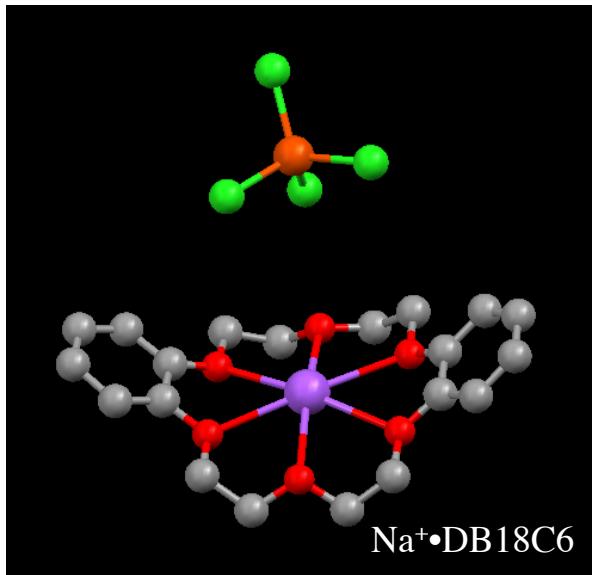


Izatt et al., *Chem. Rev.*,
1985, 85, 271.



DB18C6 captures K^+ selectively
Optimum matching in size
Structure?

Crystal Structure



(Cambridge Structural Database)

Few reports for Li^+ , Rb^+ , and Cs^+

Conformations similar for Na^+ and K^+

Counter anions also bonded to M^+ , affecting the structure



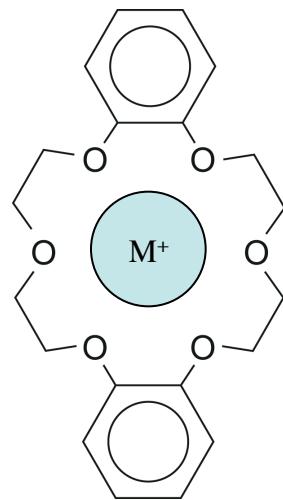
Necessary to study in the gas phase

Crown Ethers in the Gas Phase

- Mass spectrometric studies of metal ion-CE complexes
Dearden (1991), Brodbelt (1992), Bowers (1995),
Armentrout (1996), Brutschy (1997)
- IR spectroscopy of metal ion-CE complexes
Lisy (2009), Martinez-Haya (2009)
- UV spectroscopy of metal ion-CE complexes
Kim (2009)
- UV and IR spectroscopy of jet-cooled CE and neutral complexes
Zwier (2009), Ebata (2007)

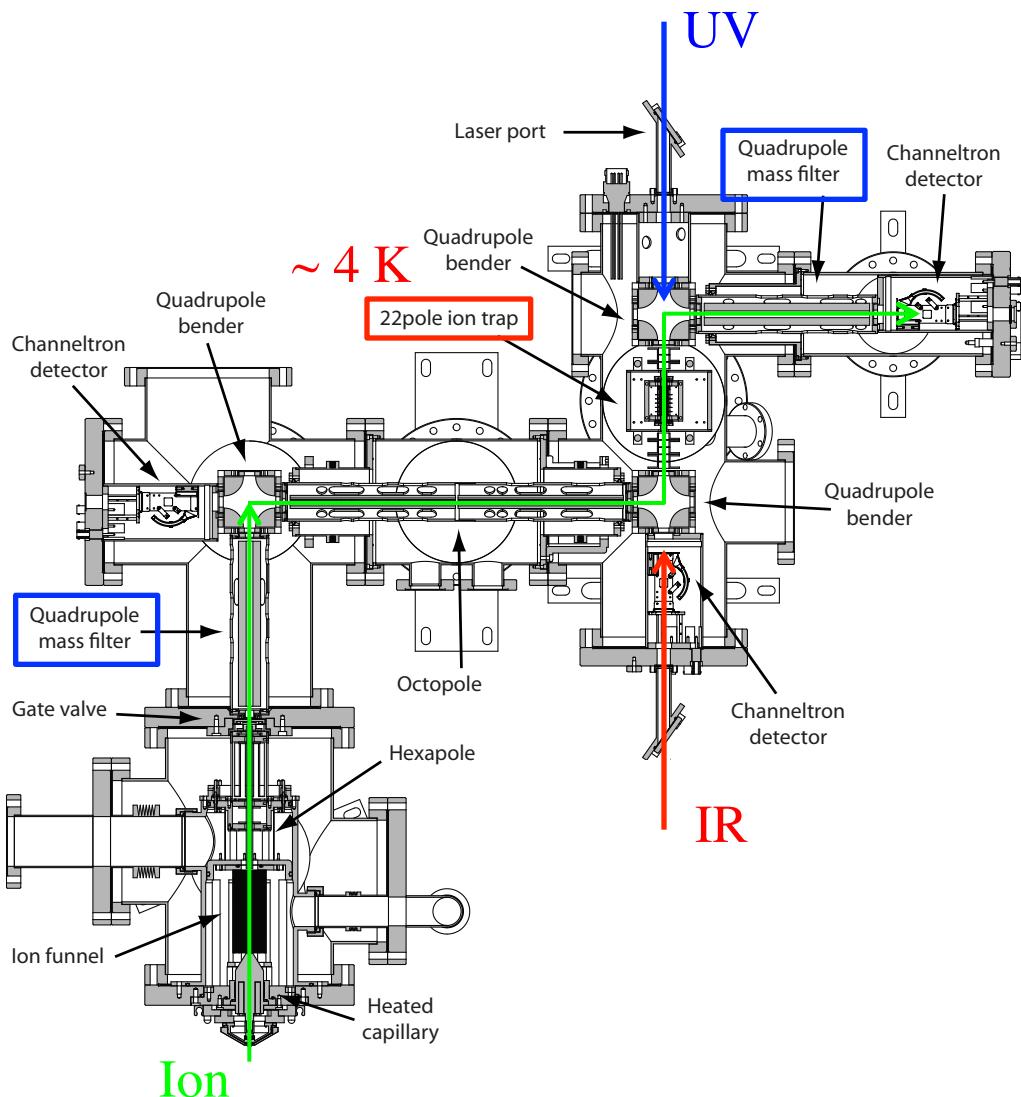
This Study

- DB18C6 with $M^+ = Li^+, Na^+, K^+, Rb^+, Cs^+$
1:1 complexes



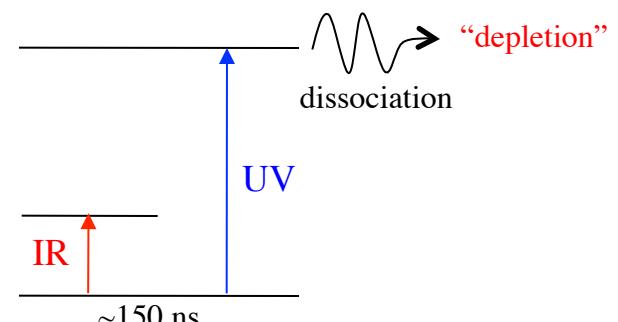
- UV and IR spectroscopy in a cold, 22-pole ion trap
DFT, TD-DFT
- The number and structure of conformers
Relation between ion selectivity and structure

Experimental

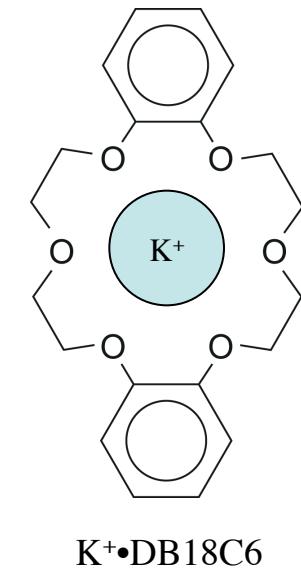
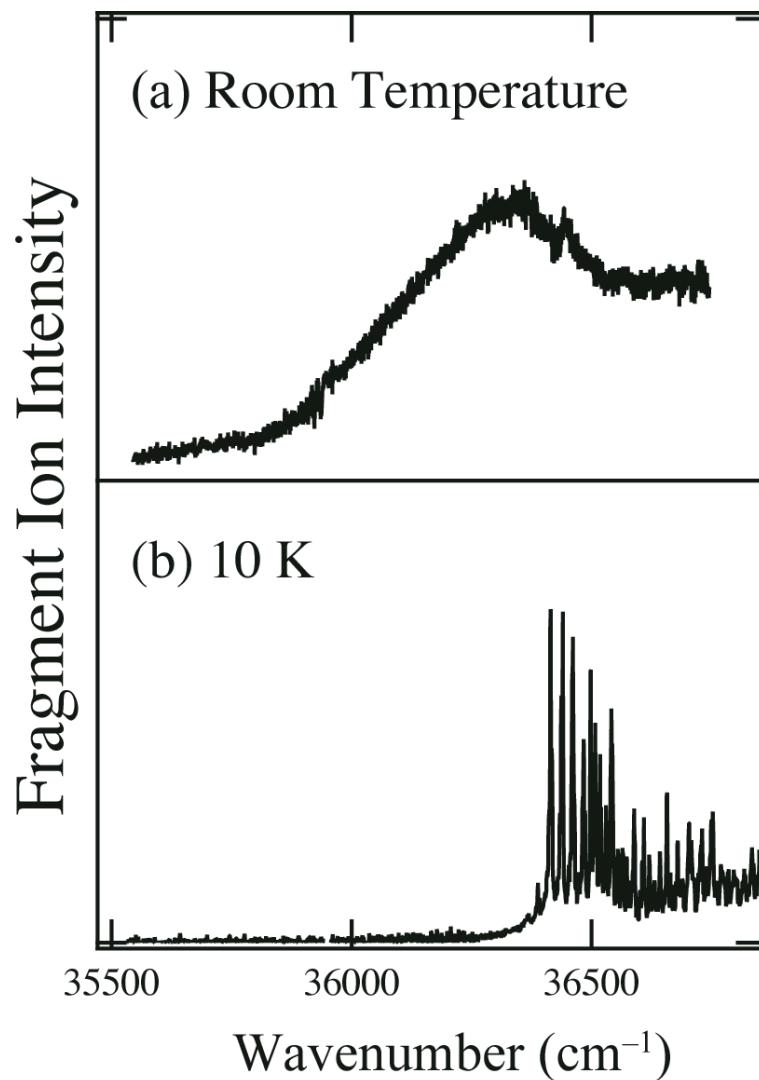


- nanoelectrospray
DB18C6
LiCl, NaCl, KCl, RbCl, CsCl
in Methanol
 $20\text{--}200 \mu\text{M}$

- UV photodissociation spectroscopy
- IR-UV double-resonance
UV power 1–1.5 mJ/pulse
IR power 4–5 mJ/pulse



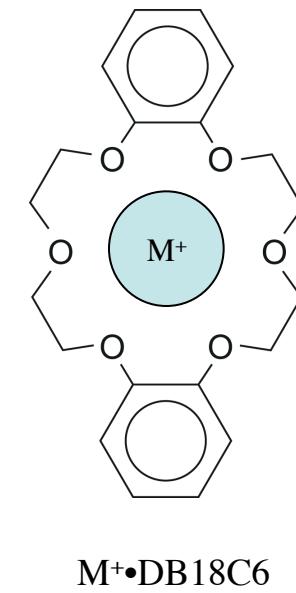
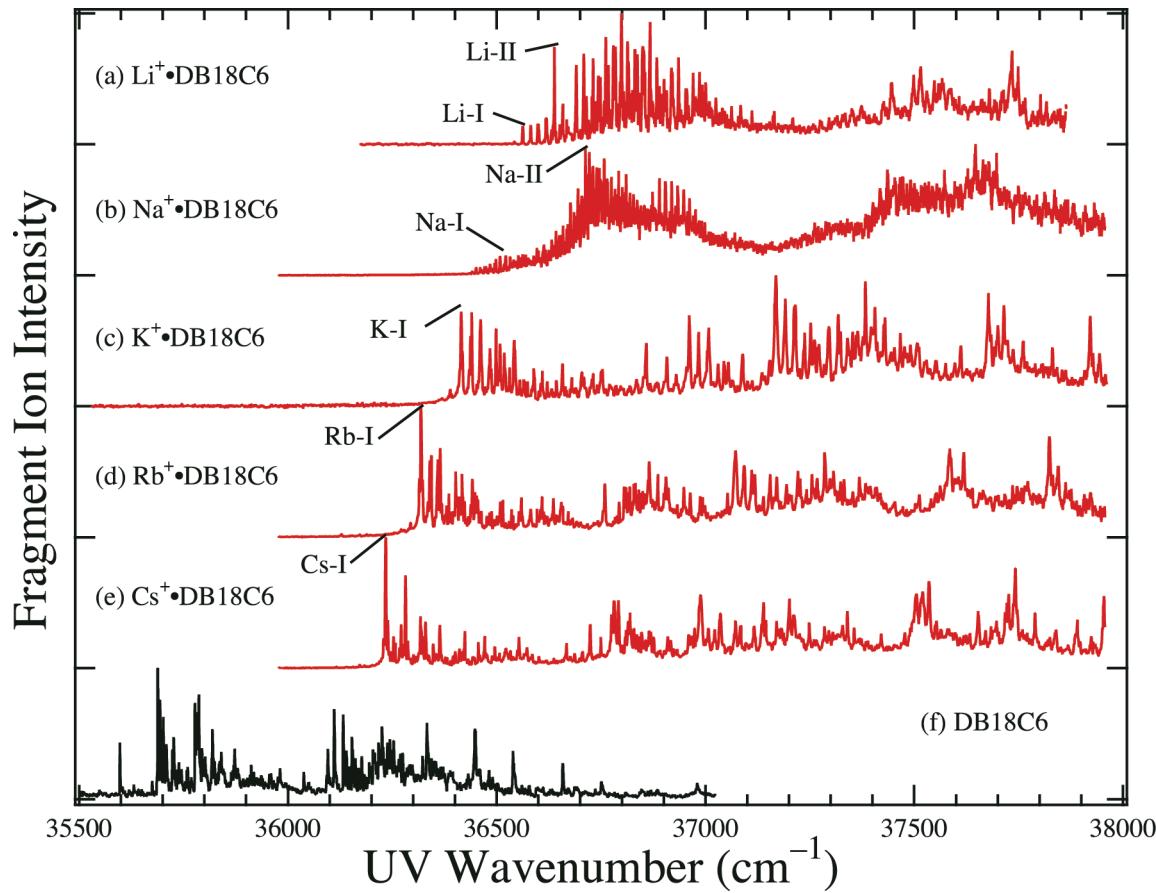
UV Spectra of K⁺•DB18C6



K⁺•DB18C6

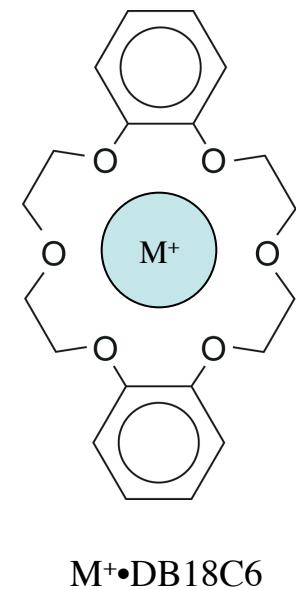
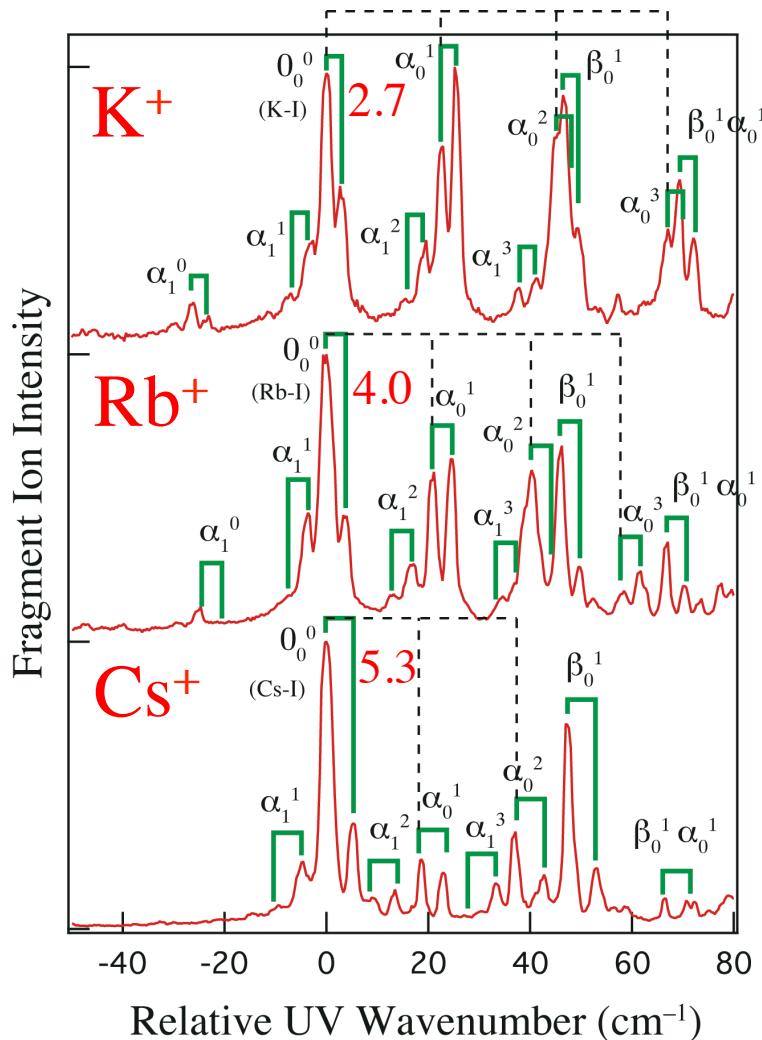
Sharp vibronic bands observed under cold condition

UV Spectra of $M^+ \bullet DB18C6$



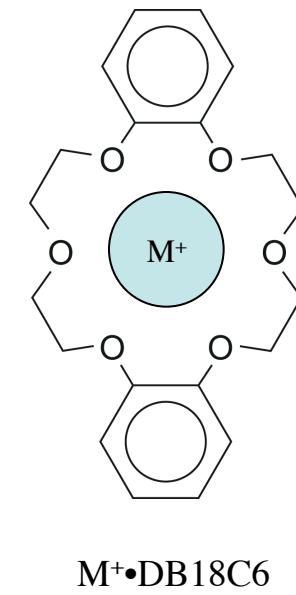
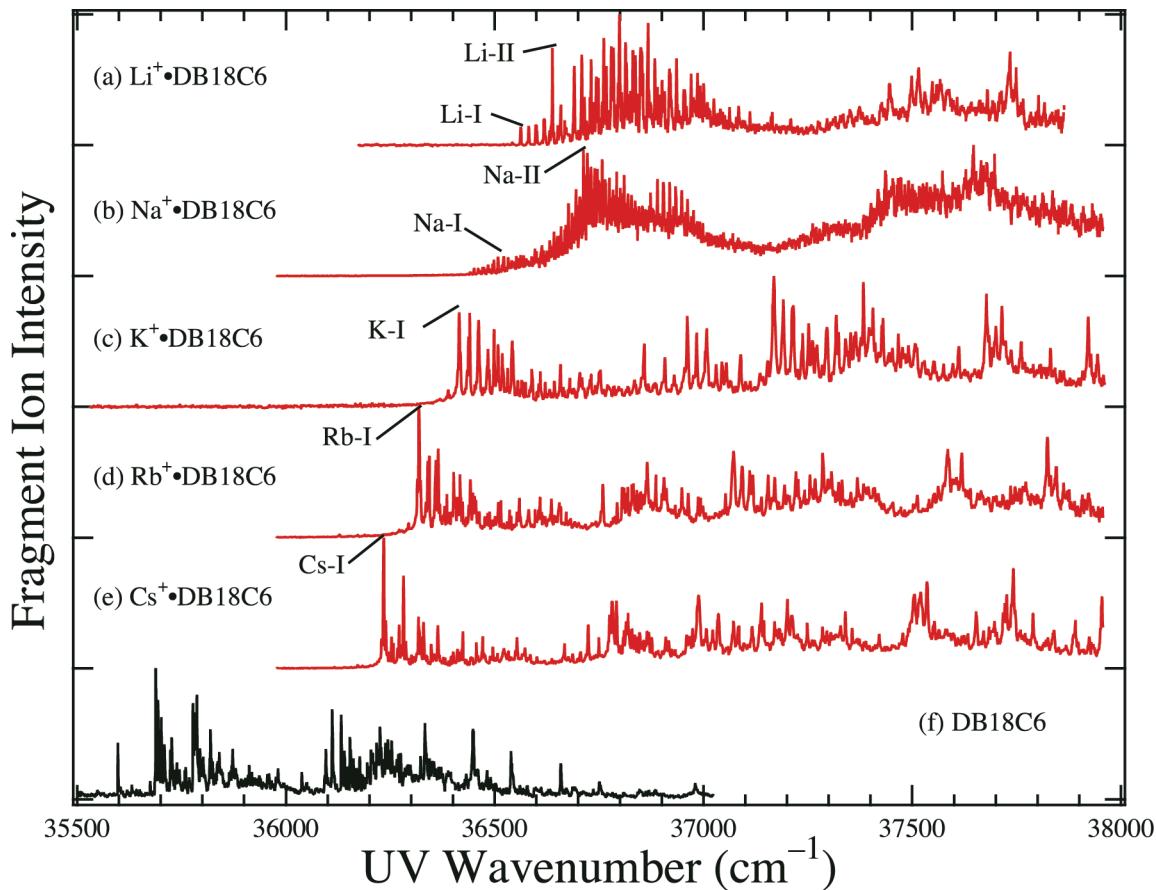
Low freq. progressions extensive for Li^+ and Na^+
The origin band strong for $\text{K}^+ \sim \text{Cs}^+$

Exciton Splitting



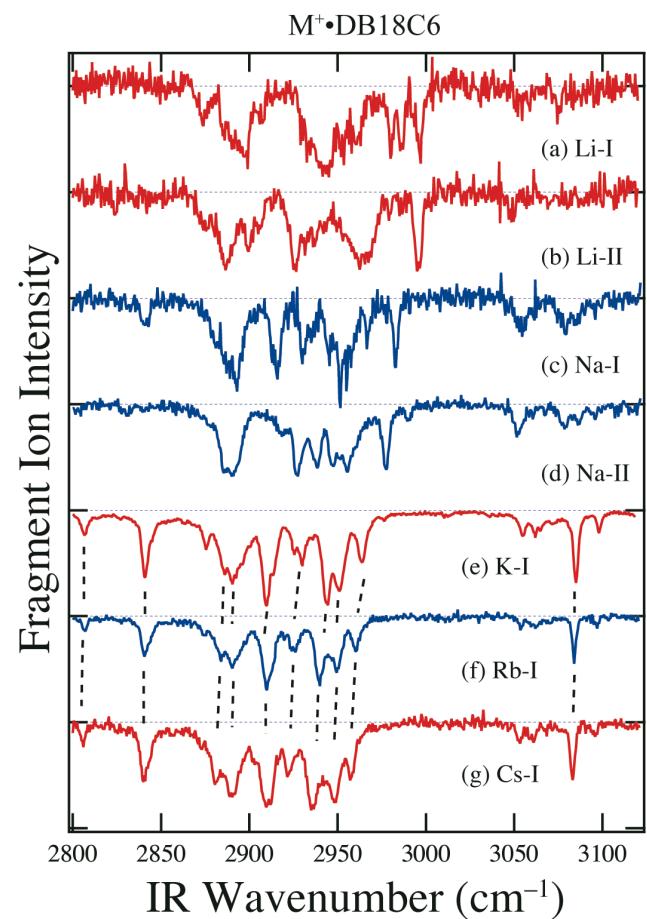
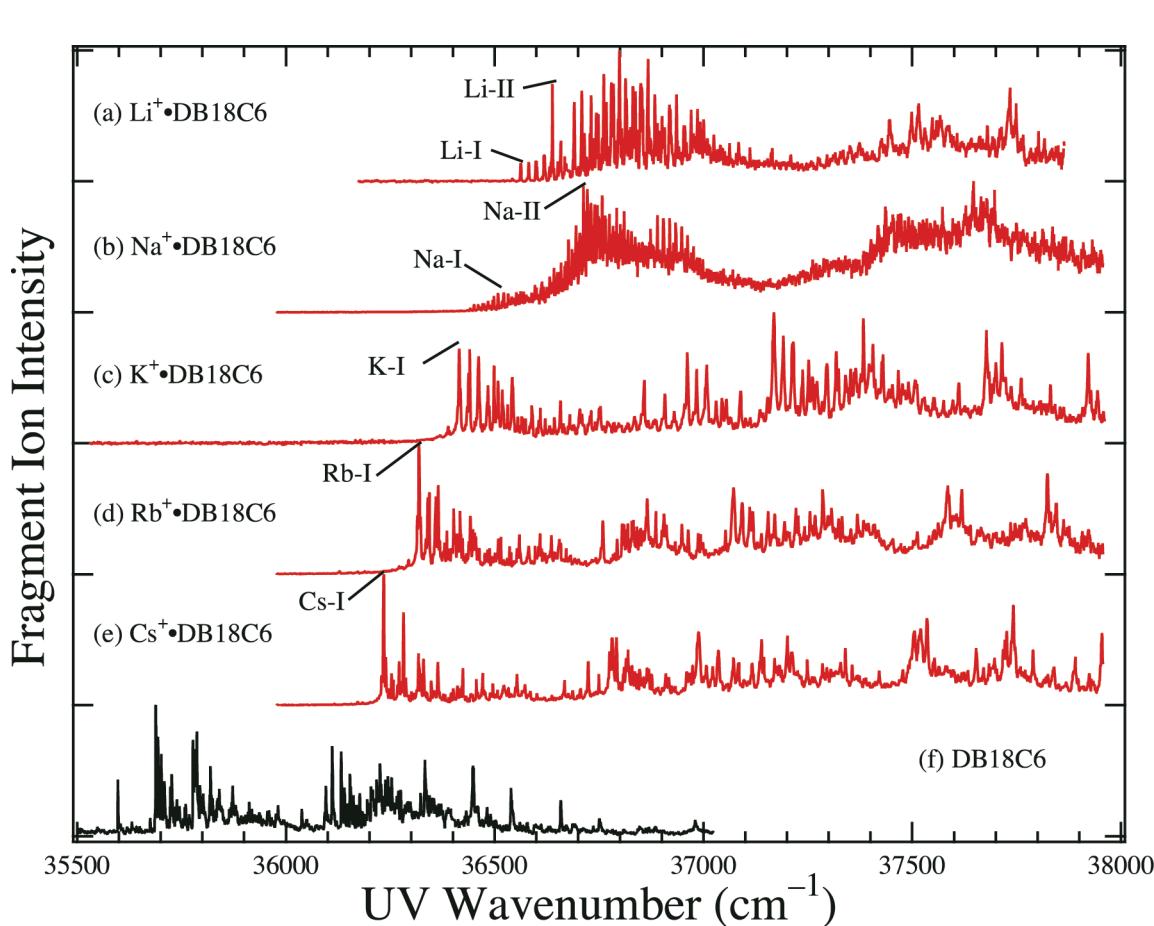
Exciton splitting is seen for K⁺~Cs⁺.

UV Spectra of $M^+ \bullet DB18C6$



Structure largely different for $\text{Li}^+ \sim \text{K}^+$
Similar structure for $\text{K}^+ \sim \text{Cs}^+$

IR Spectra of $M^+ \bullet DB18C6$

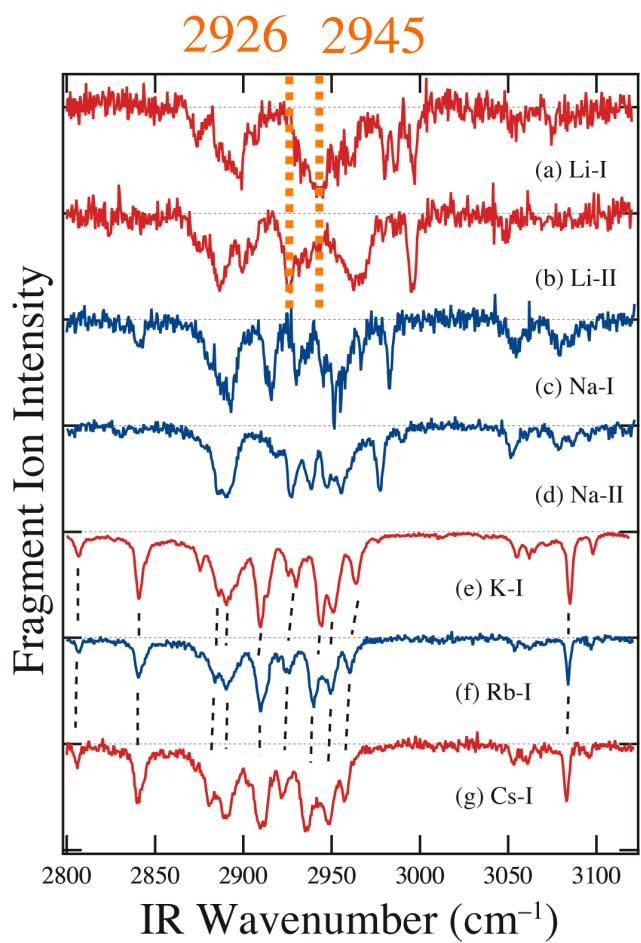
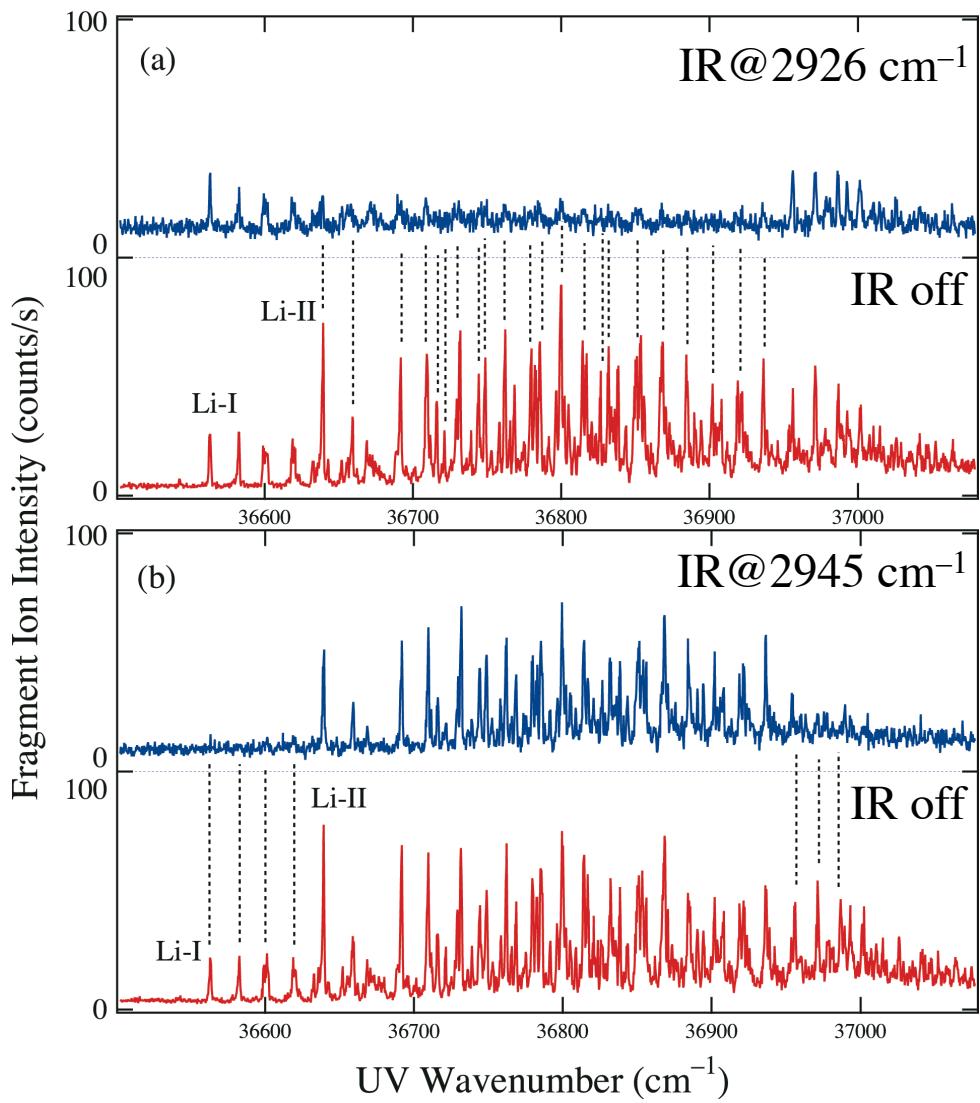


IR spectra similar for $\text{K}^+ \sim \text{Cs}^+$



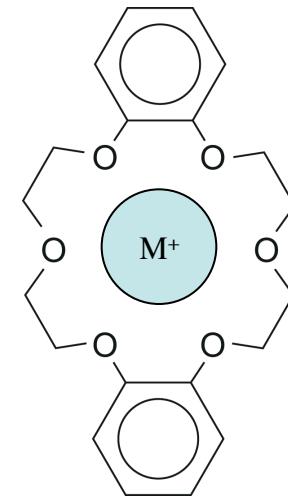
Similar structure

IR-UV HB Spectra of $\text{Li}^+ \bullet \text{DB18C6}$



The Number of Conformers

M^+	$M^+ \bullet DB18C6$
Li^+	2
Na^+	2
K^+	1
Rb^+	1
Cs^+	1
(monomer)	2



$M^+ \bullet DB18C6$

The Number of Conformers

M^+	$M^+ \bullet DB18C6$
Li^+	2
Na^+	2
K^+	1
Rb^+	1
Cs^+	1
(monomer)	2

- Molecular mechanics calculations



- DFT (M05-2X/6-31+G(d)) geometry opt. vibrational analysis

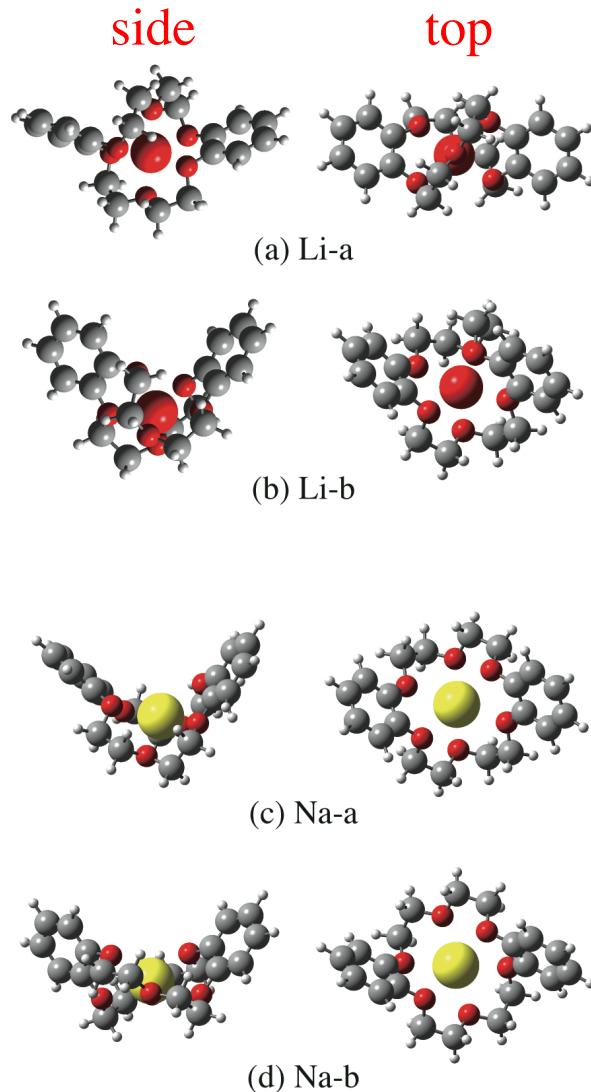
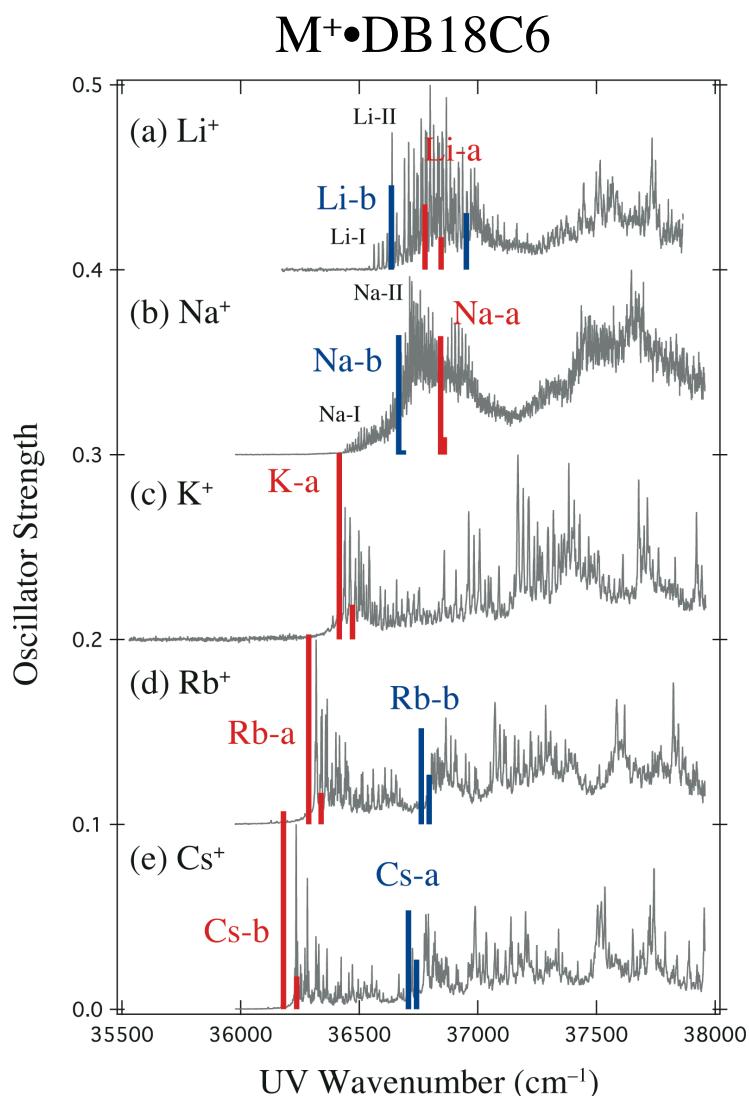


- TD-DFT electronic spectra



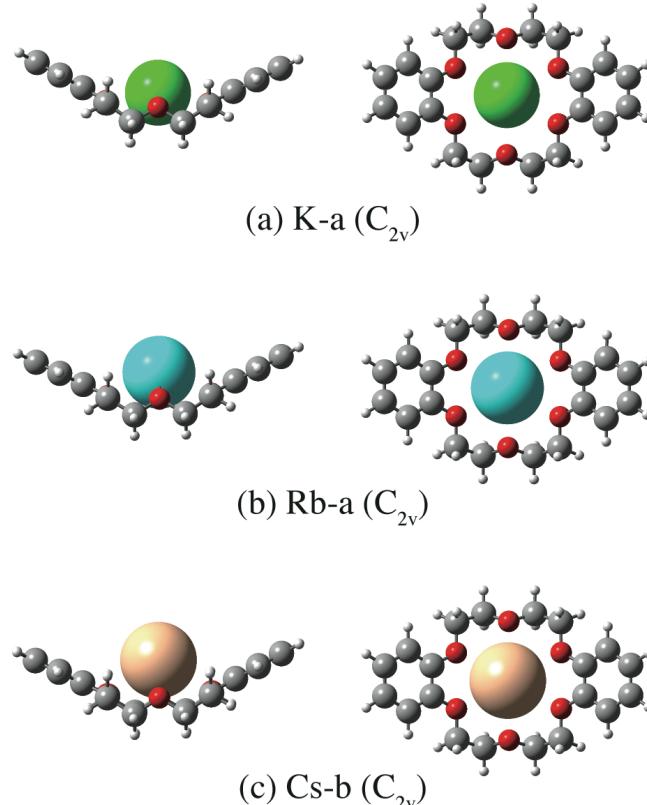
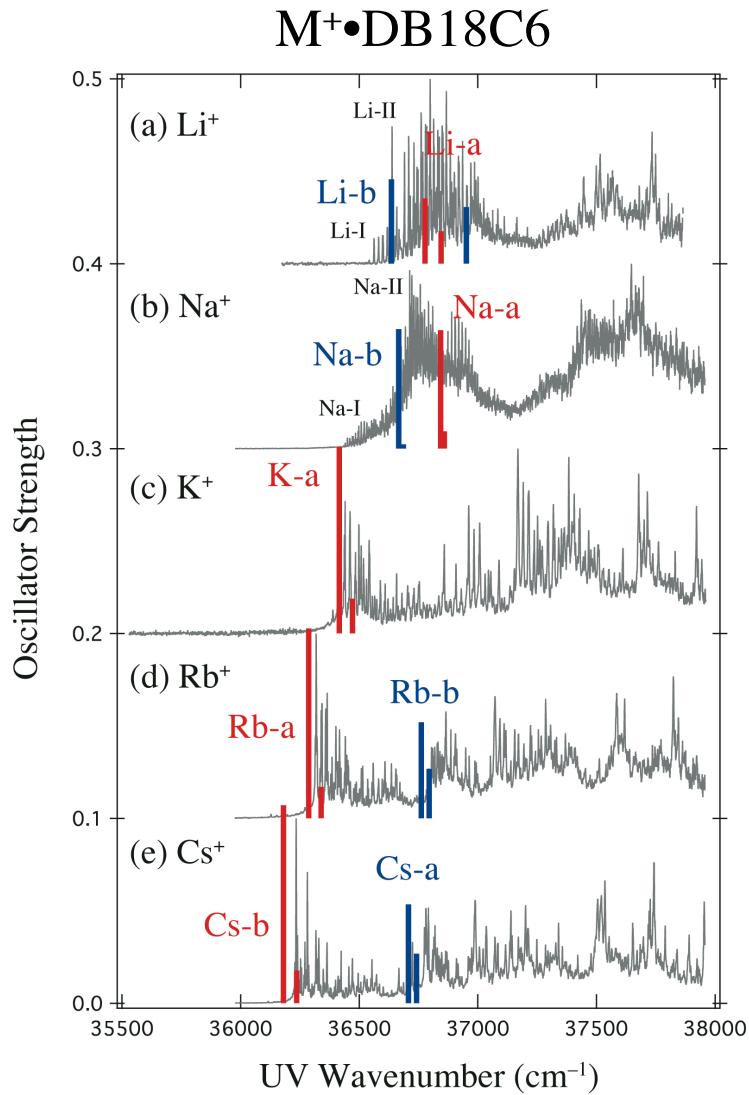
UV-PD spectra

Structure of M⁺•DB18C6 (M = Li, Na)



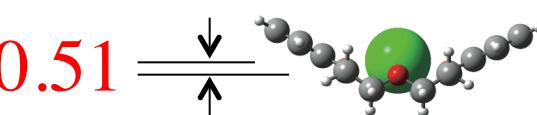
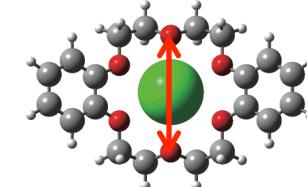
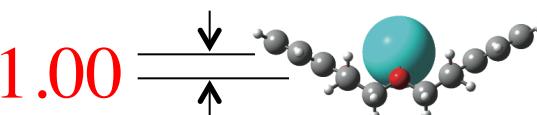
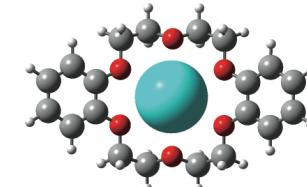
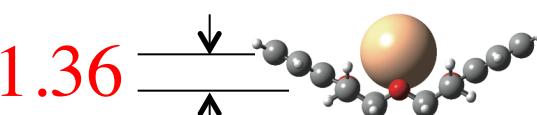
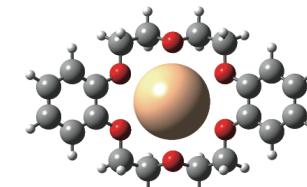
Ether rings distorted for Li⁺ and Na⁺

Structure of $M^+ \bullet DB18C6$ ($M = K, Rb, Cs$)



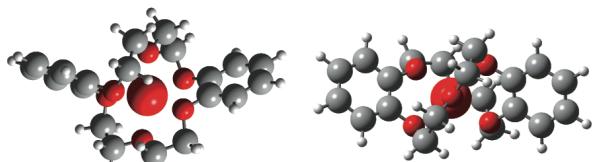
Ether rings largely open
 K^+ in the ring
 Rb^+, Cs^+ on the ring

Structure of $M^+ \bullet DB18C6$ ($M = K, Rb, Cs$)

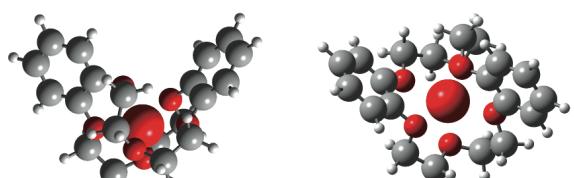
Ion radii/ \AA			
K^+	1.52	0.51	
			 (a) K-a (C_{2v})
Rb^+	1.66	1.00	
			 (b) Rb-a (C_{2v})
Cs^+	1.81	1.36	
			 (c) Cs-b (C_{2v})

cf. Li^+ (0.90 \AA), Na^+ (1.16 \AA)

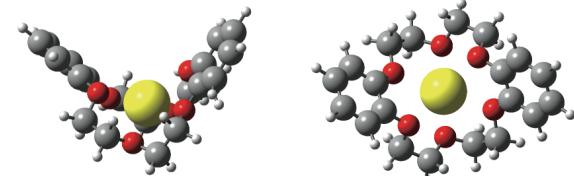
Structure of $M^+ \bullet DB18C6$



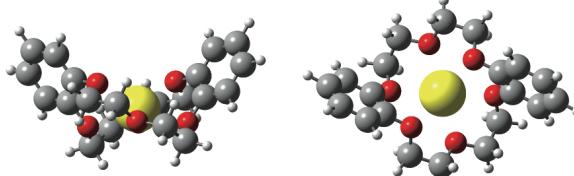
(a) Li-a



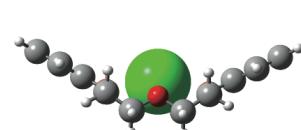
(b) Li-b



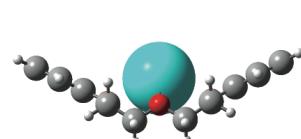
(c) Na-a



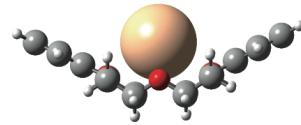
(d) Na-b



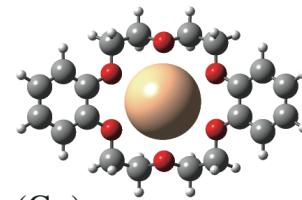
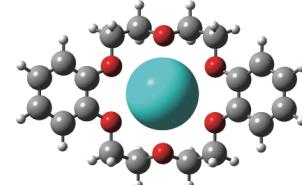
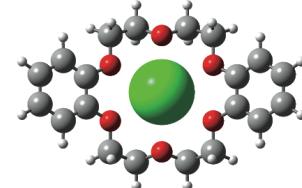
(a) K-a (C_{2v})



(b) Rb-a (C_{2v})

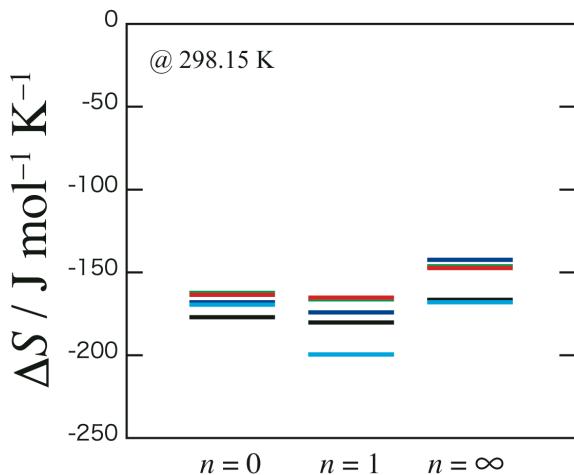
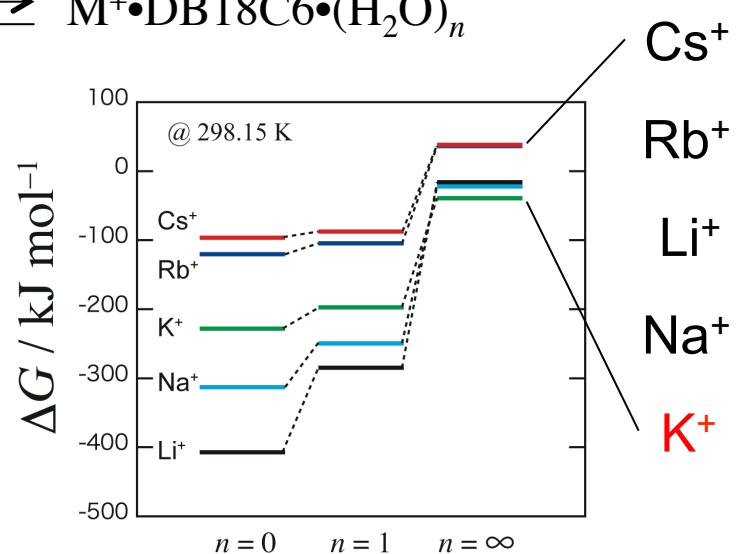
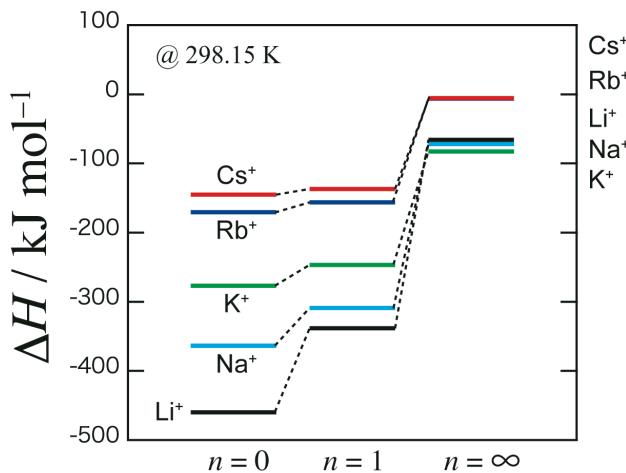


(c) Cs-a (C_{2v})



(c) Cs-b (C_{2v})

ΔH , ΔS , and ΔG for DB18C6



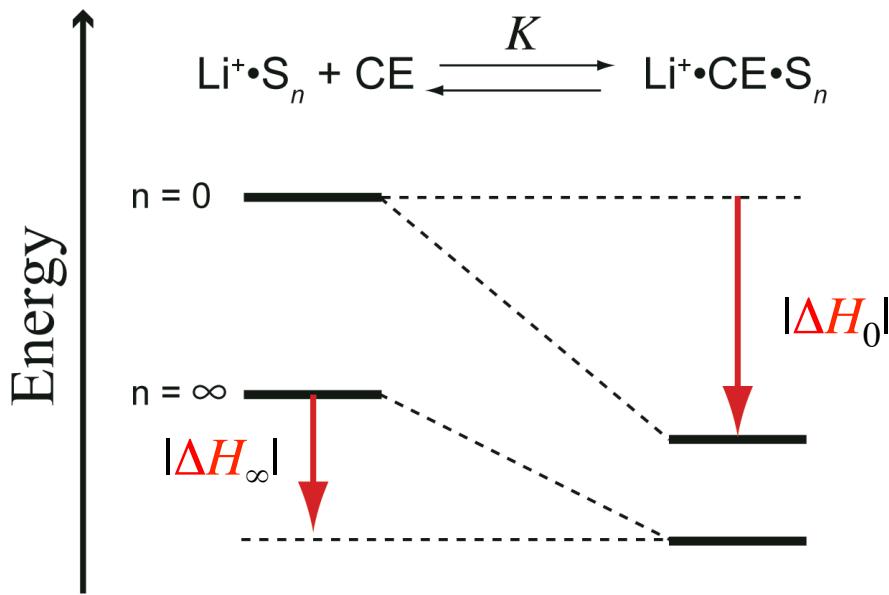
ΔH changes largely with increasing n
 ΔS similar for $n = 0, 1$, and ∞
 ΔG smallest for K^+ in water



Ion selectivity driven by ΔH

(For $n = \infty$, the Polarizable Continuum Model is used.)

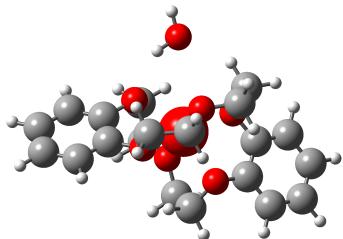
Complex Structure and Selectivity



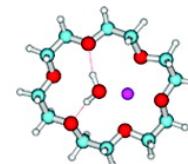
Li^+ surrounded by CE
Interaction between Li^+ and H_2O small

$$|\Delta H_\infty| \ll |\Delta H_0|$$

K becomes small



Li1A
Side View

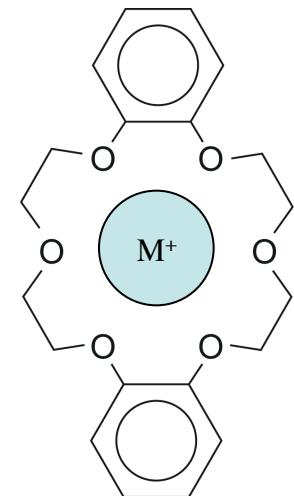


Rodriguez and Lisy, JACS (2011)

Where are solvent molecules?

Summary

- DB18C6 with $M^+ = Li^+, Na^+, K^+, Rb^+, Cs^+$
1:1 complexes
- UV and IR spectroscopy in a cold, 22-pole ion trap



- The number and structure determined
- Ion selectivity mainly driven by ΔH
- Future work
 - Solvent effect
 - Temperature effect
 - Structure in condensed phase