

String-like Occluding Region Extraction for Background Restoration

Toru Tamaki, Hiroshi Suzuki, Masanobu Yamamoto



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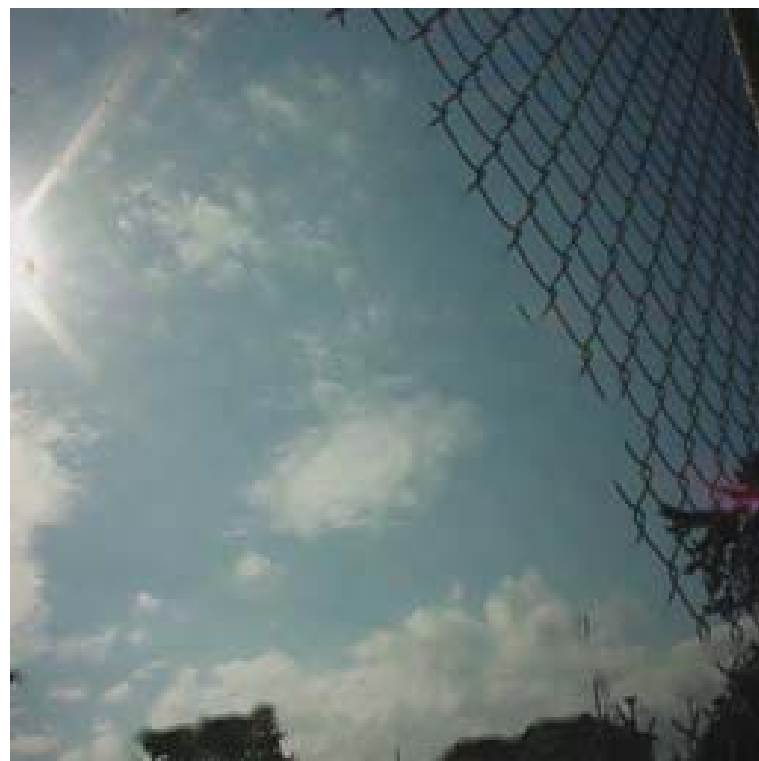
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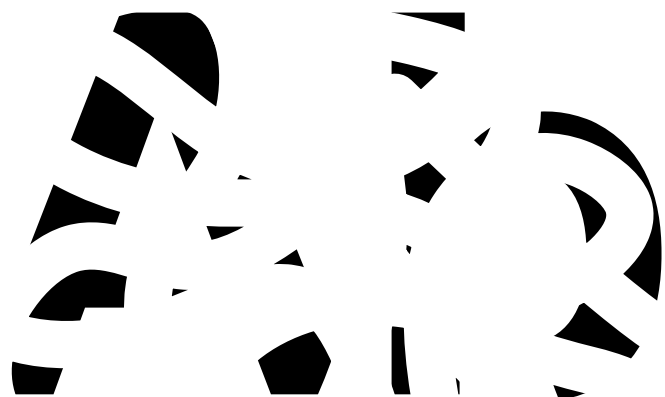
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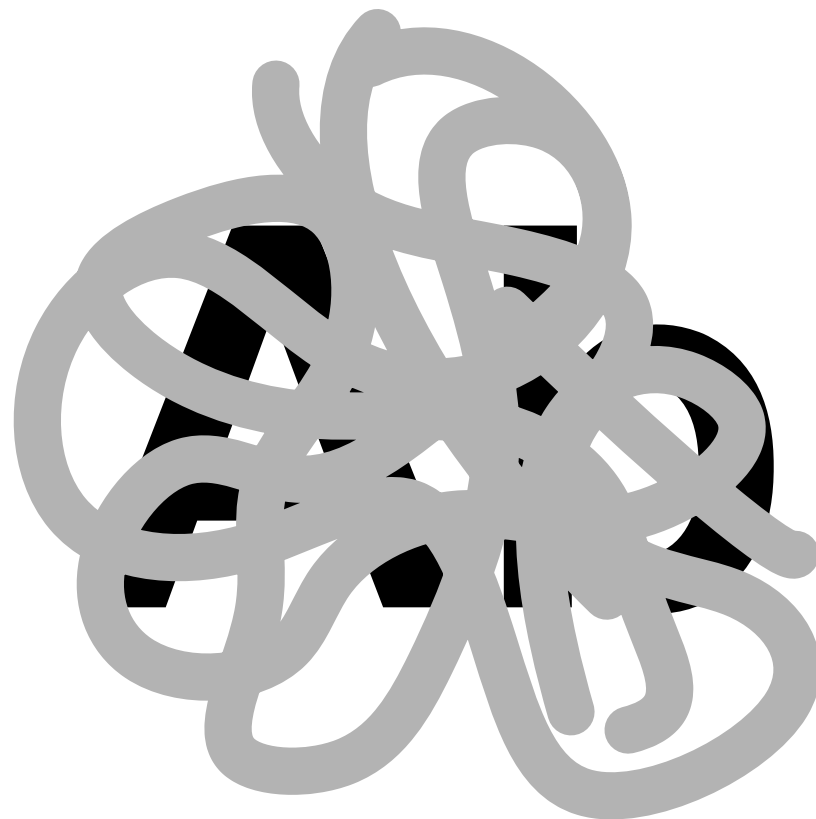




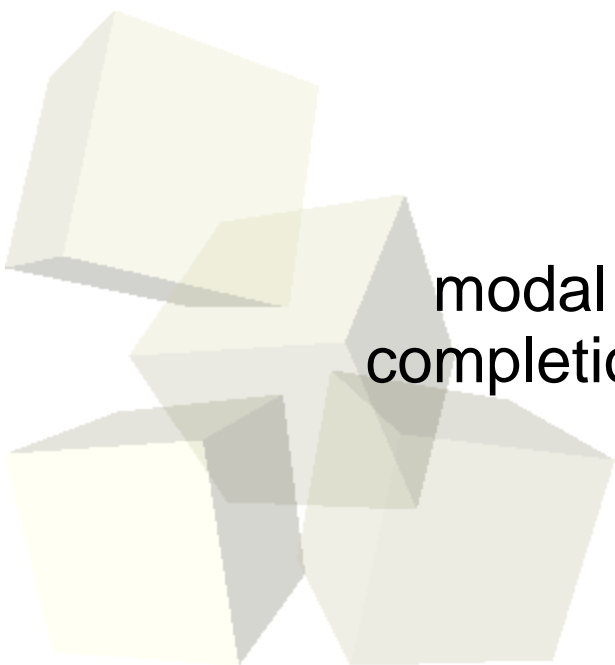
modal / amodal completion



modal
completion



amodal
completion





amodal completion in real scenes





■ Objective

- ◆ ***Find occluding regions: given an image only***
- ◆ Recover the background scene

■ What's "occlusion" ?

- ◆ difficult to define...

■ Related Researches

- ◆ task-depend object detection
 - glasses
 - rain
 - fences
 - etc.





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■ Our Target

- ◆ **string-like regions**
 - strings, wires, fences, branches, etc.
- ◆ **properties**
 - long and narrow
 - small, but not tiny
 - contrast with background
 - same background in both sides





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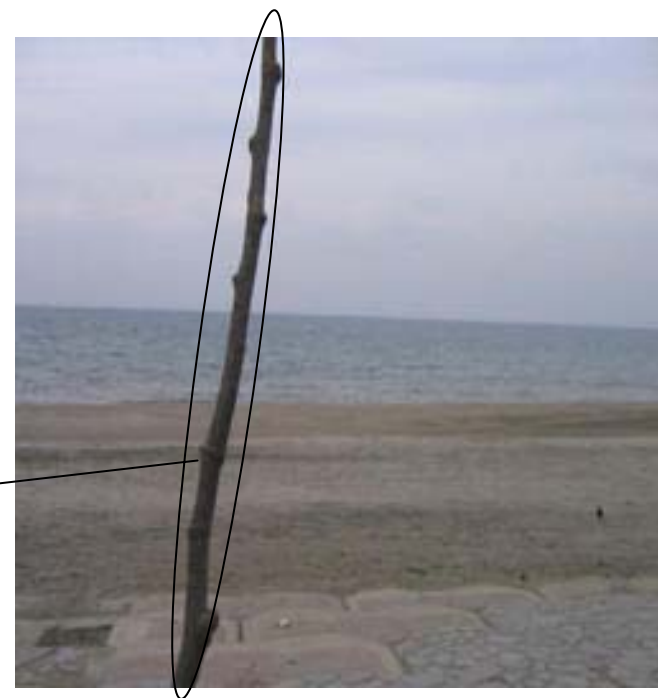
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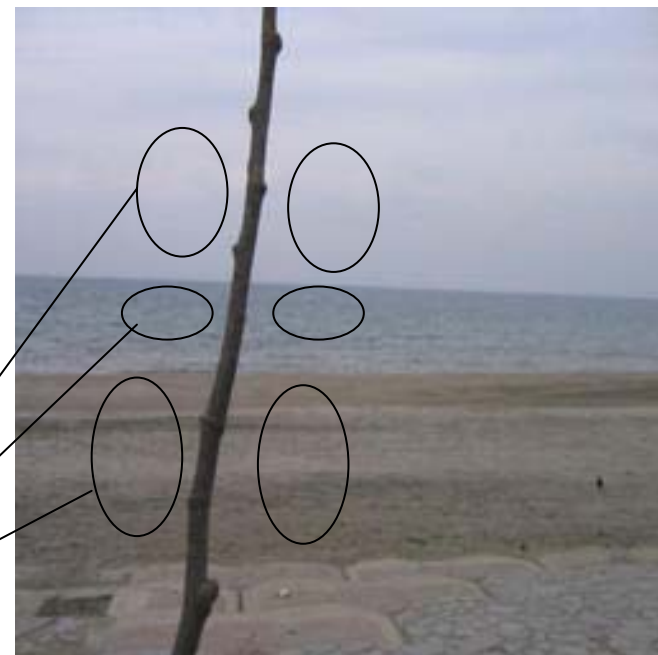
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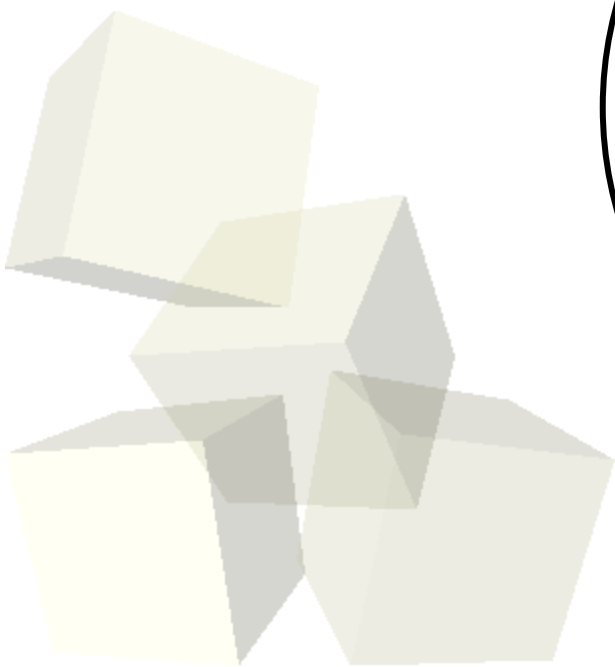
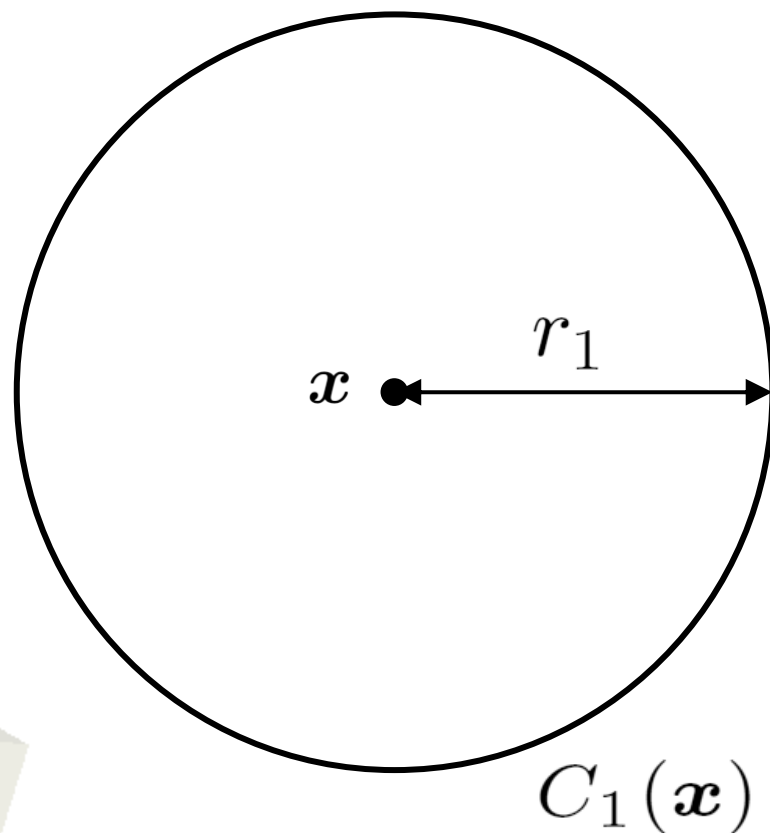
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Circle Contrast: a proposed feature

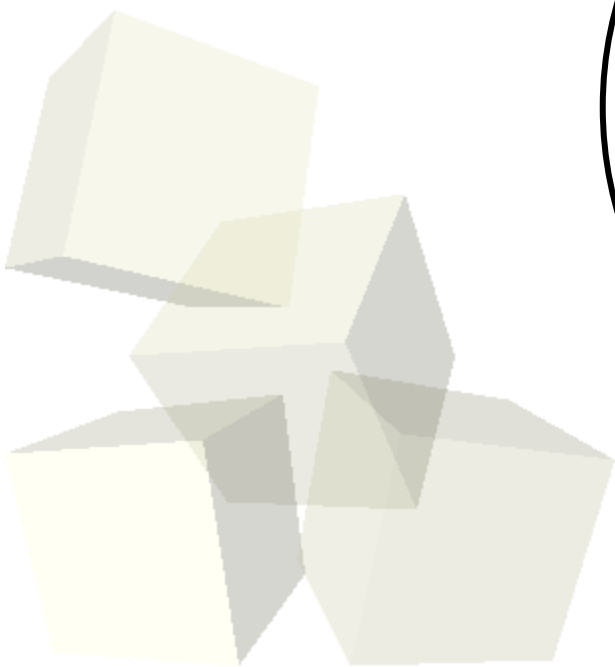
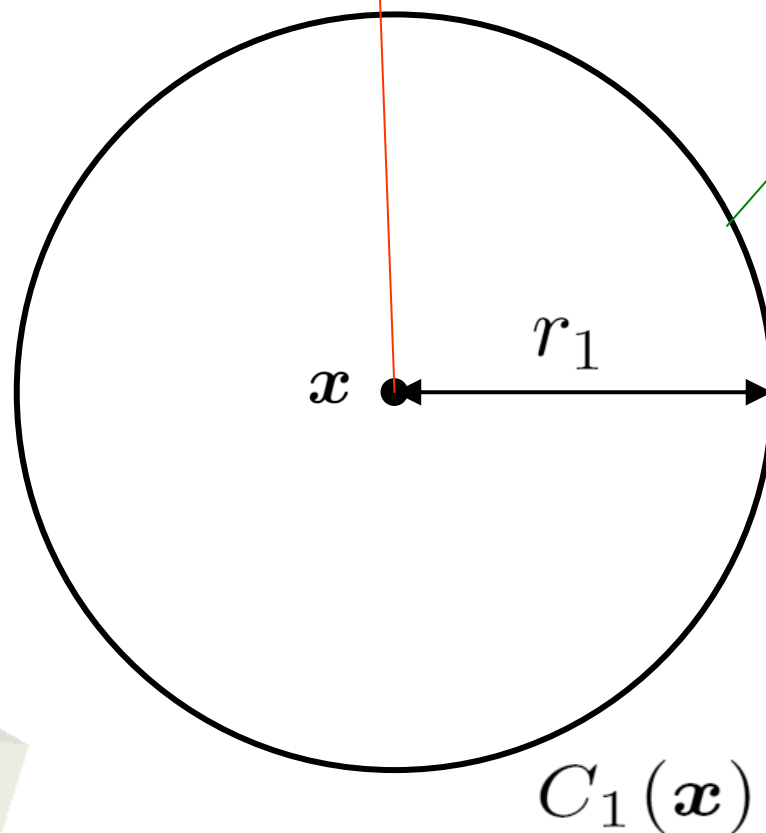
Circle Contrast :
$$v(\mathbf{x}) = I(\mathbf{x}) - \frac{1}{2\pi r_1} \int_{C_1(\mathbf{x})} I(\mathbf{x}') d\mathbf{x}'$$





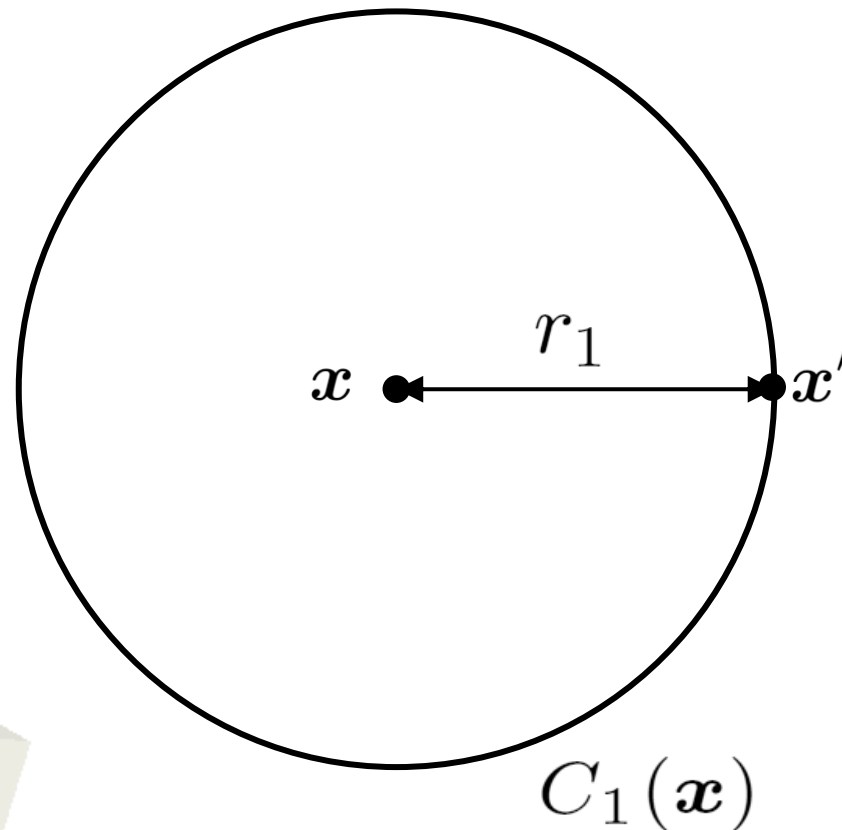
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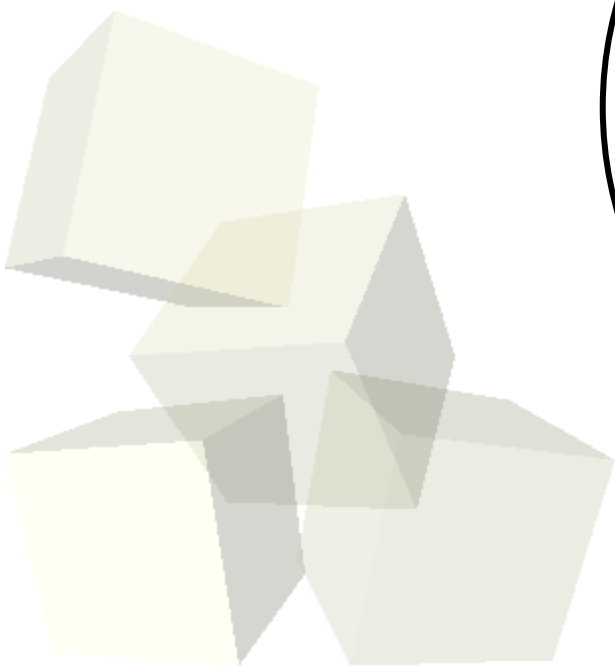
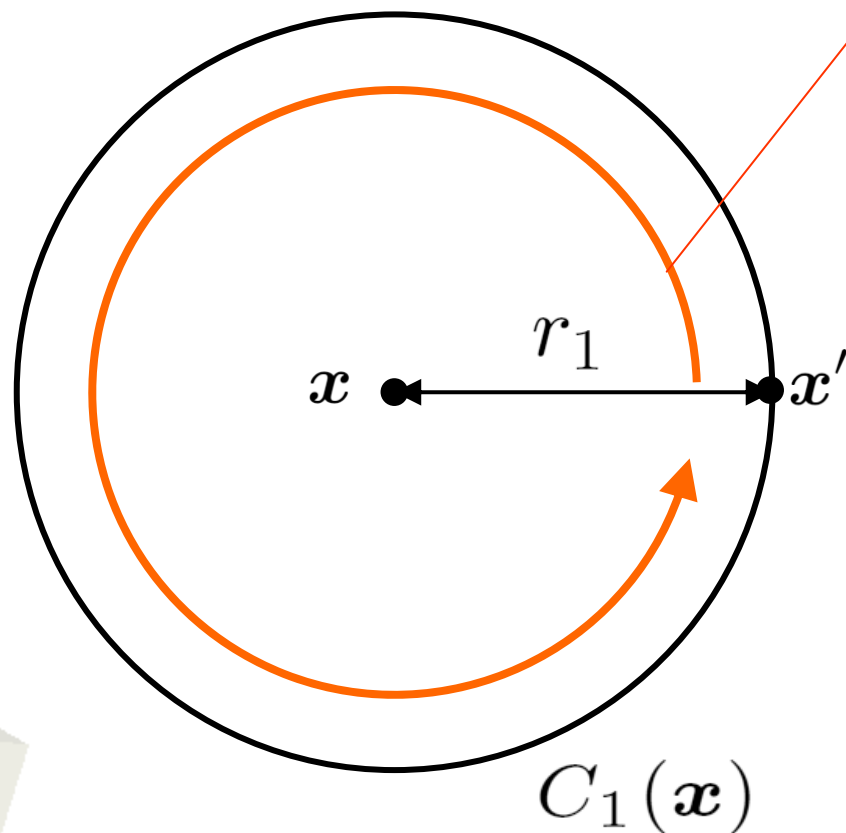
Circle Contrast :
$$v(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2\pi r_1} \int_{C_1(\mathbf{x})} I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') d\mathbf{x}'$$





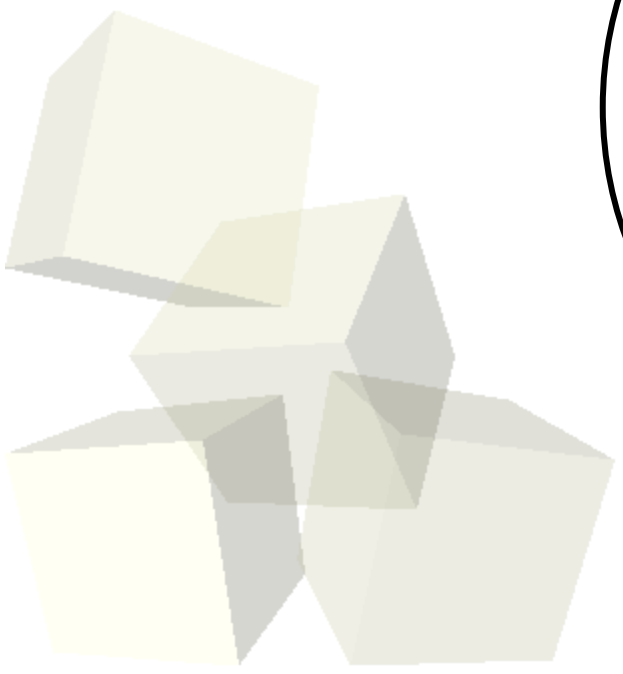
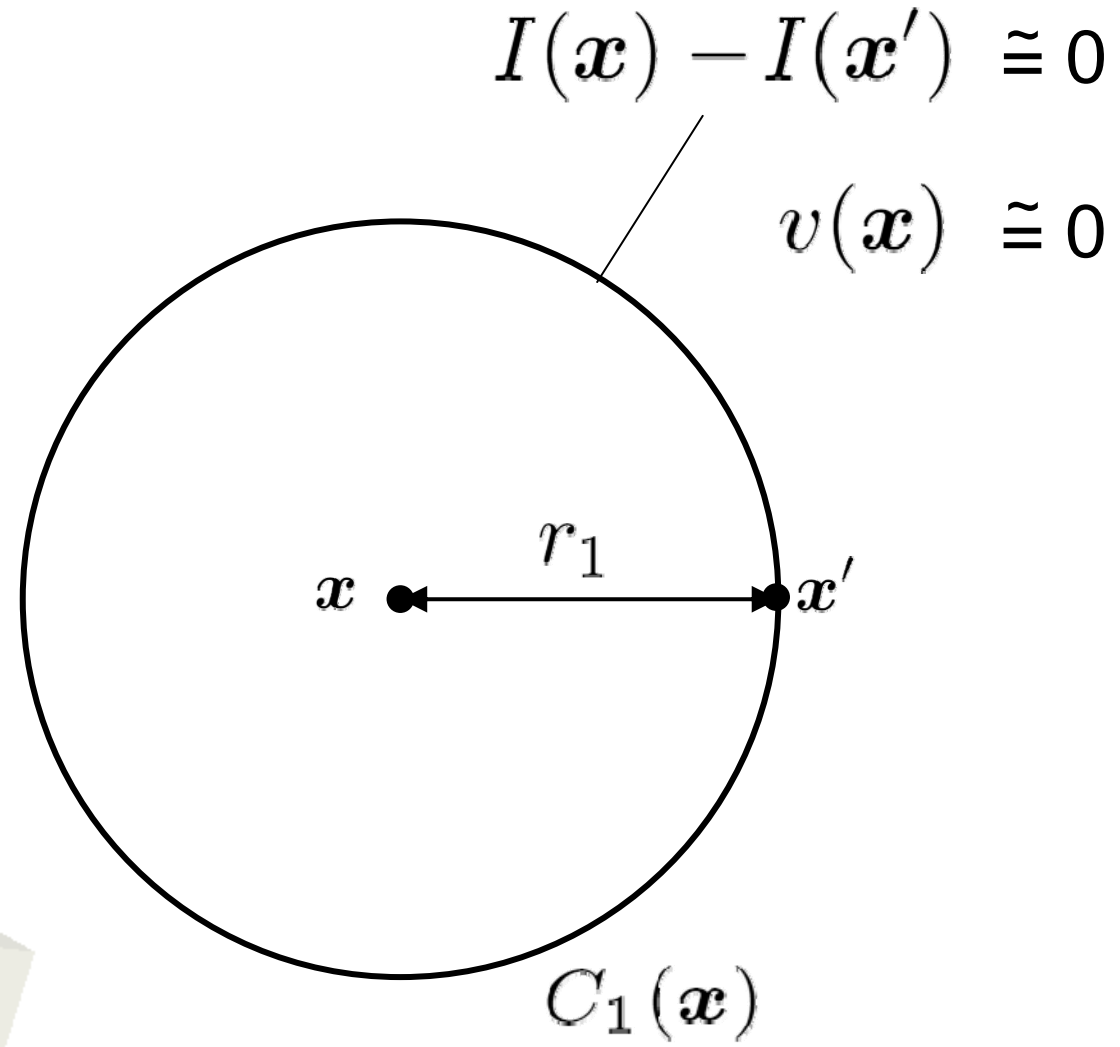
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$$v(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2\pi r_1} \int_{C_1(\mathbf{x})} I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') d\mathbf{x}'$$





Circle Contrast in a flat region



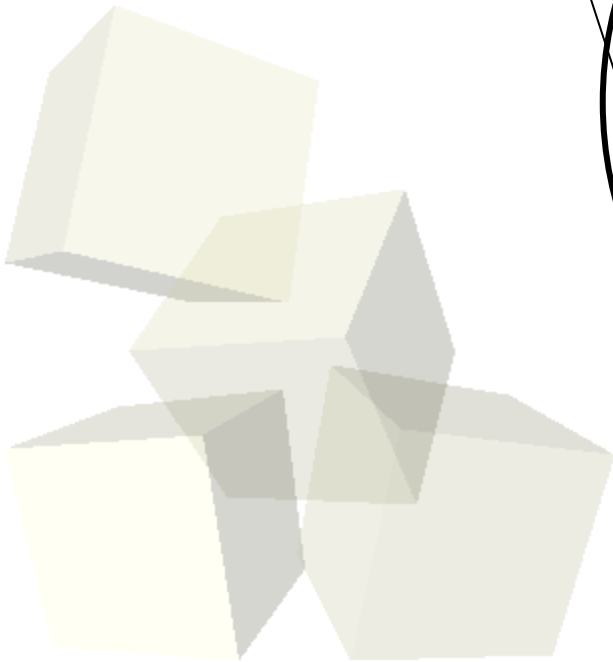
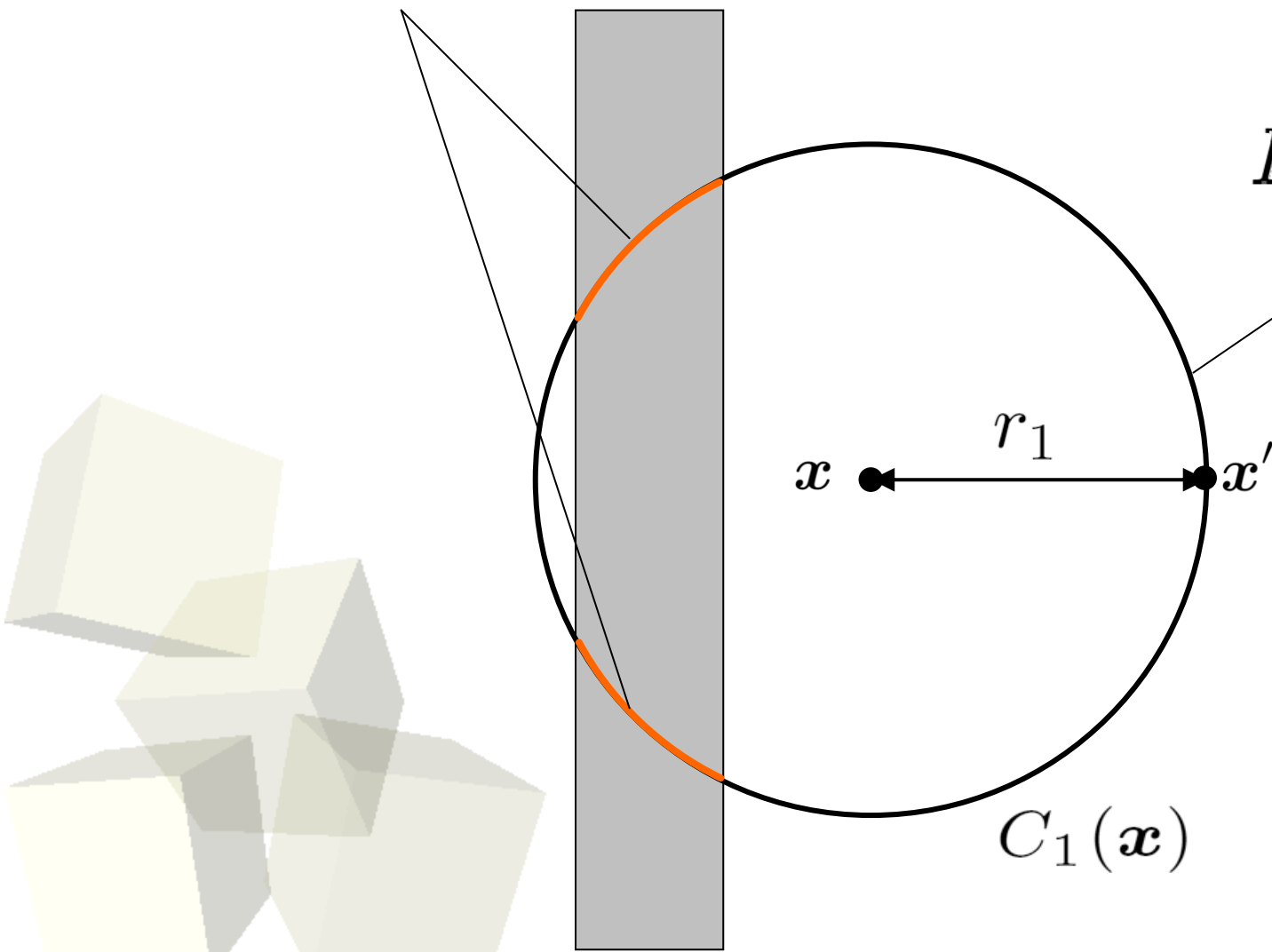


Circle Contrast at side of a string

$v(\mathbf{x}) \neq 0$, but small

$$I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') \neq 0$$

$$I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') = 0$$

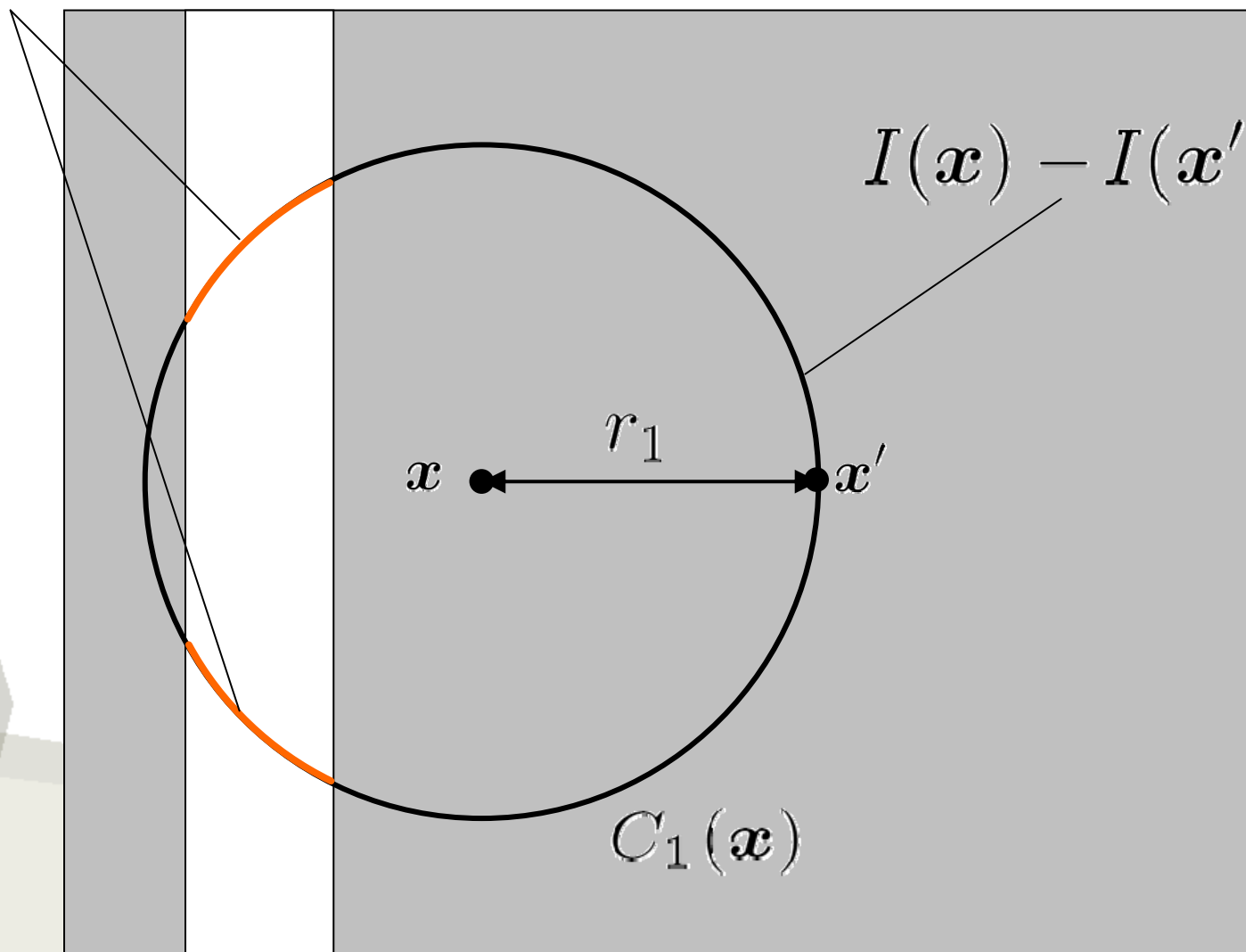




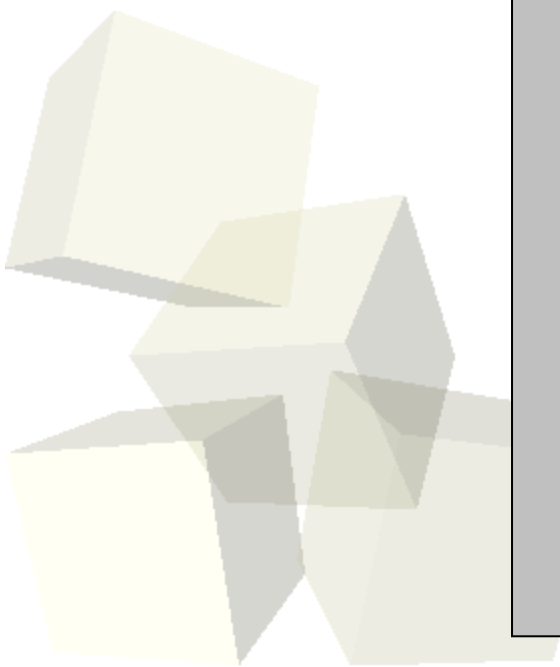
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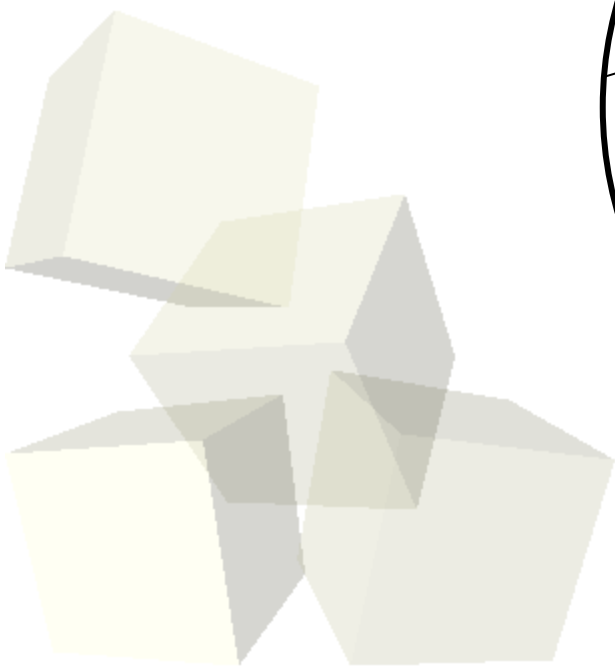
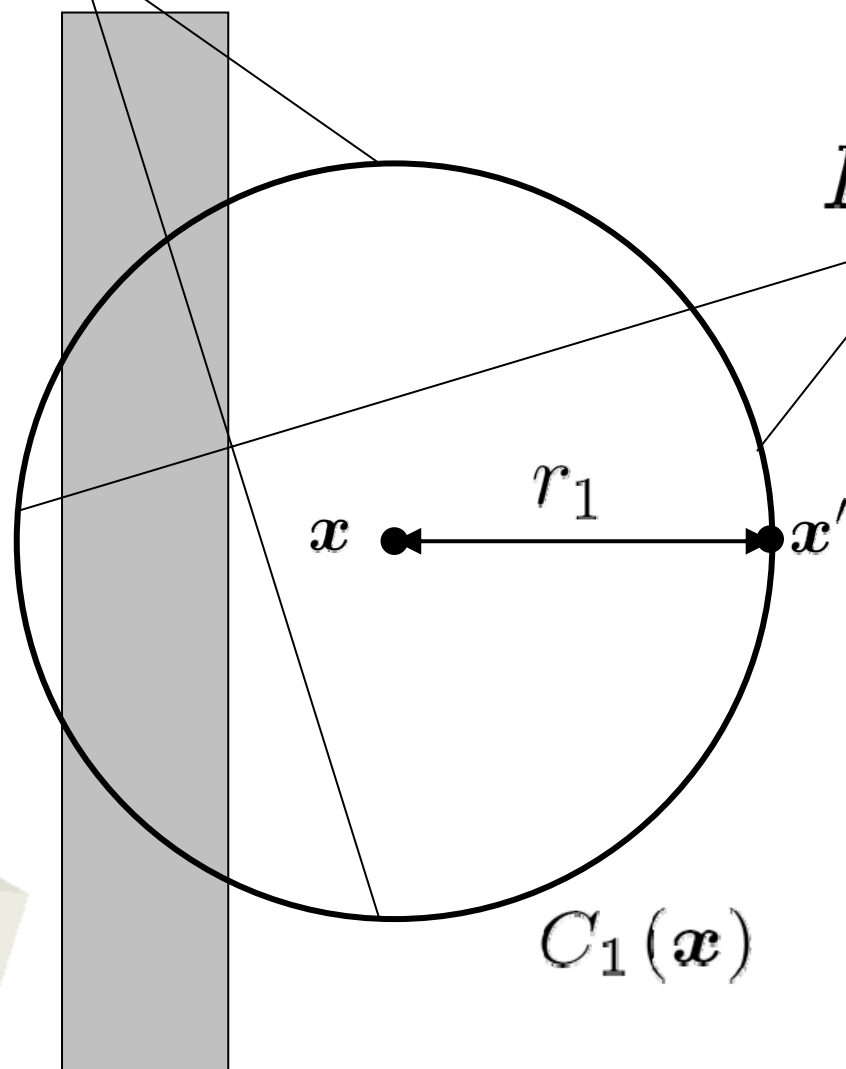


Circle Contrast on the string

$v(\mathbf{x}) \neq 0$, but **LARGE**

$$I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') = 0$$

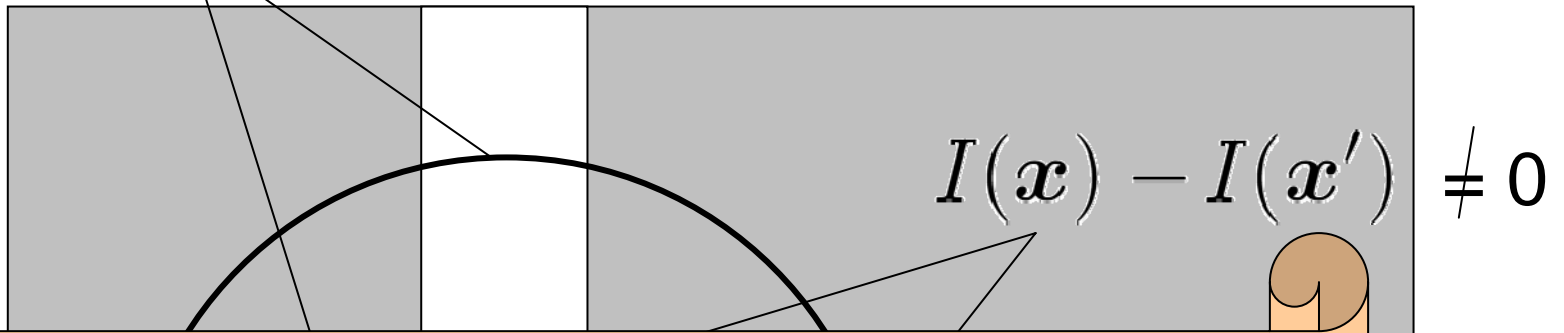
$$I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') \neq 0$$



Circle Contrast on the string

$$I(x) - I(x') = 0$$

$$v(x) \neq 0, \text{ but } \mathbf{LARGE}$$



A point x where is

- far from the region:
- near to the region:
- on the region:

$$v(x)$$

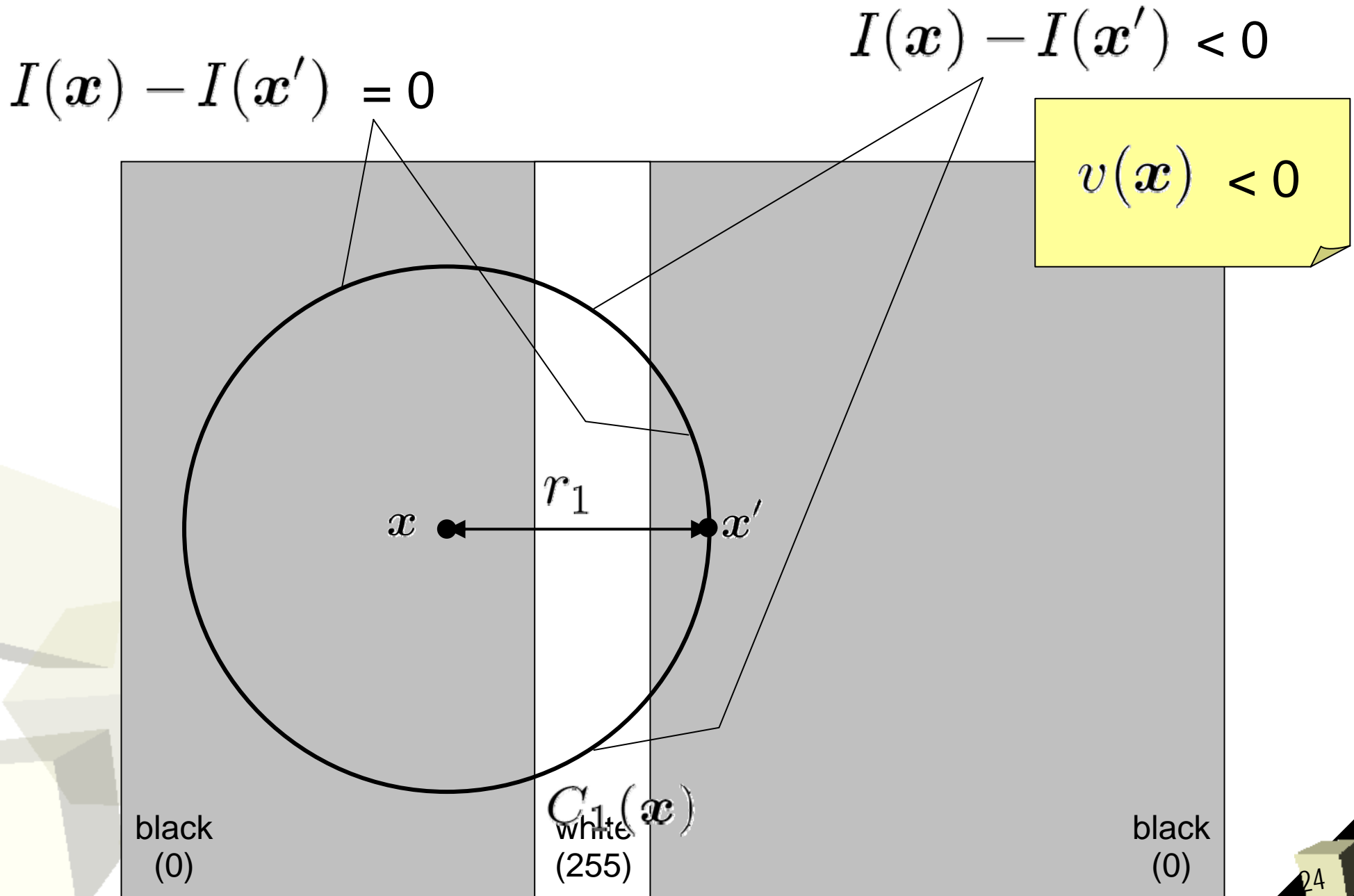
$$0$$

not 0, but small

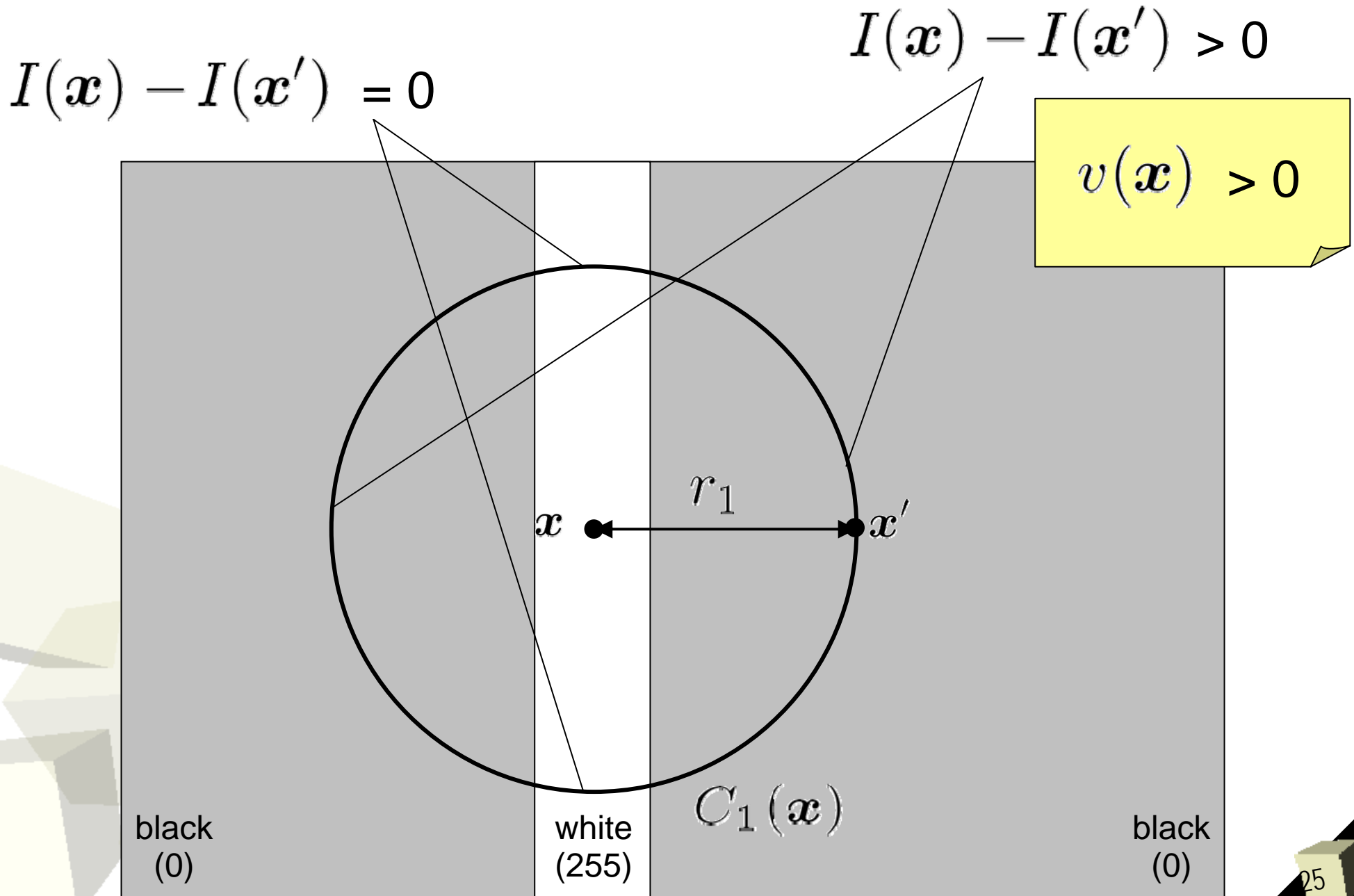
not 0, but large

$$C_1(x)$$

Circle Contrast across the string



Circle Contrast across the string



Circle Contrast across the string

$$I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') = 0$$

$$I(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x}') < 0$$

$$v(\mathbf{x}) < 0$$

The circle contrast ***alters its sign*** as crossing a string-like region (from positive to negative, or vice versa)

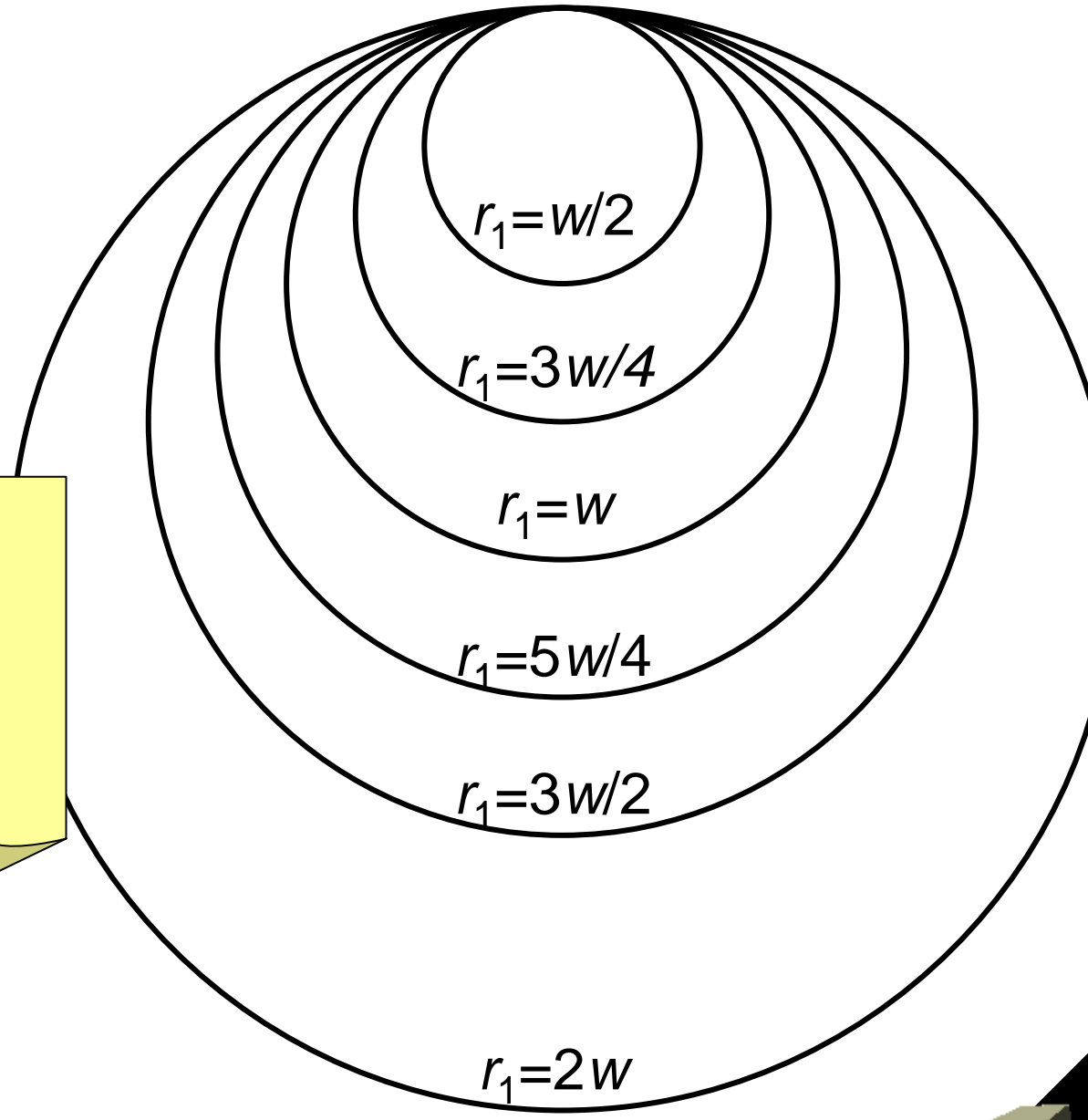
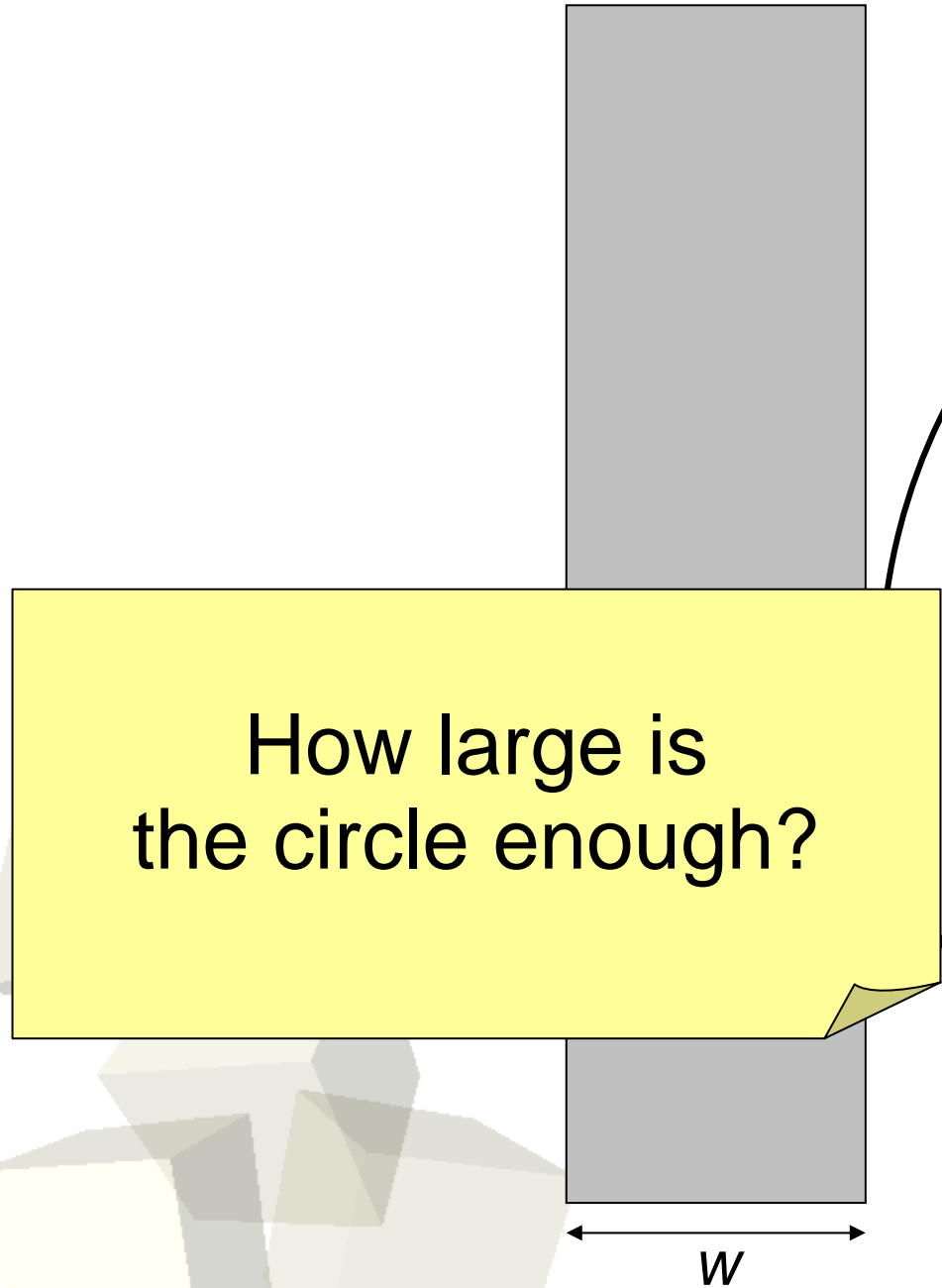
black
(0)

white
(255)

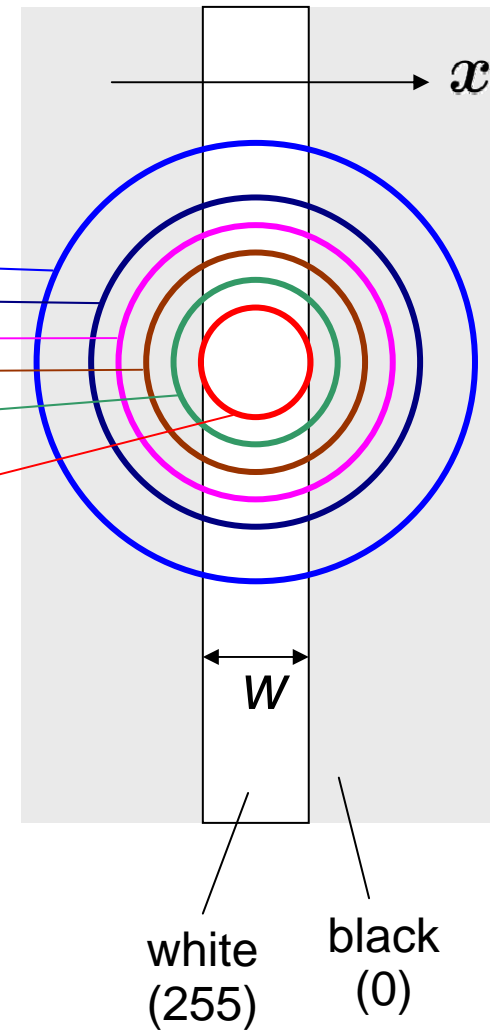
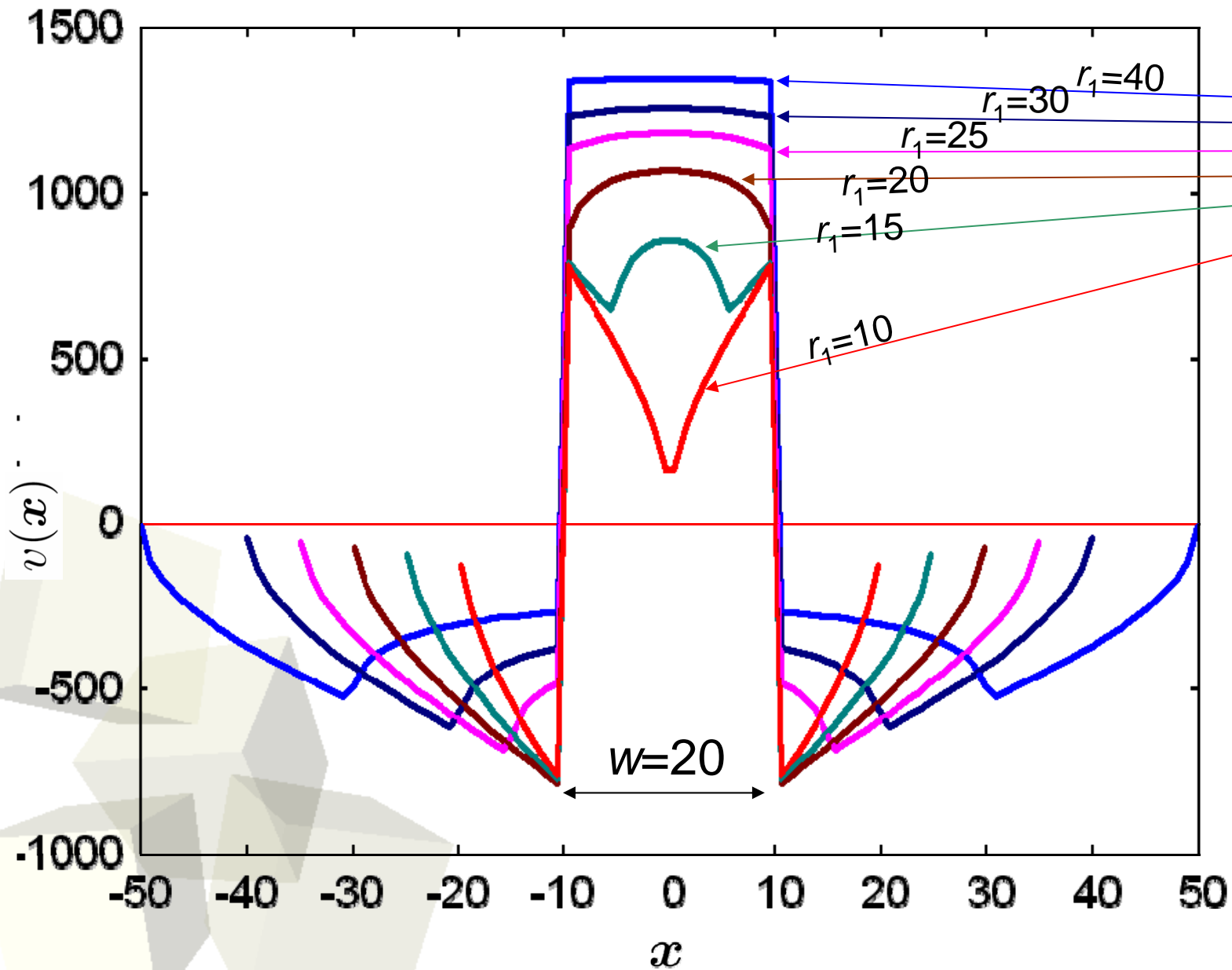
$C_1(\mathbf{x})$

black
(0)

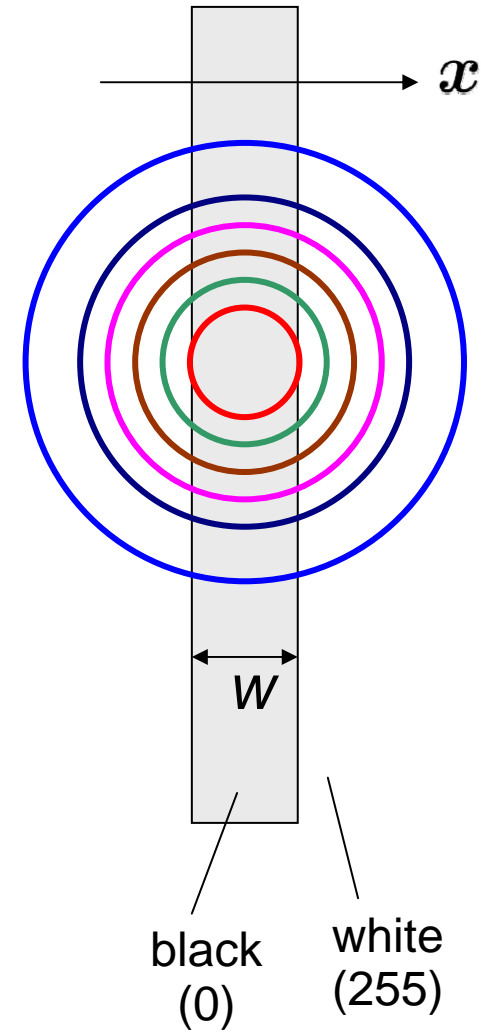
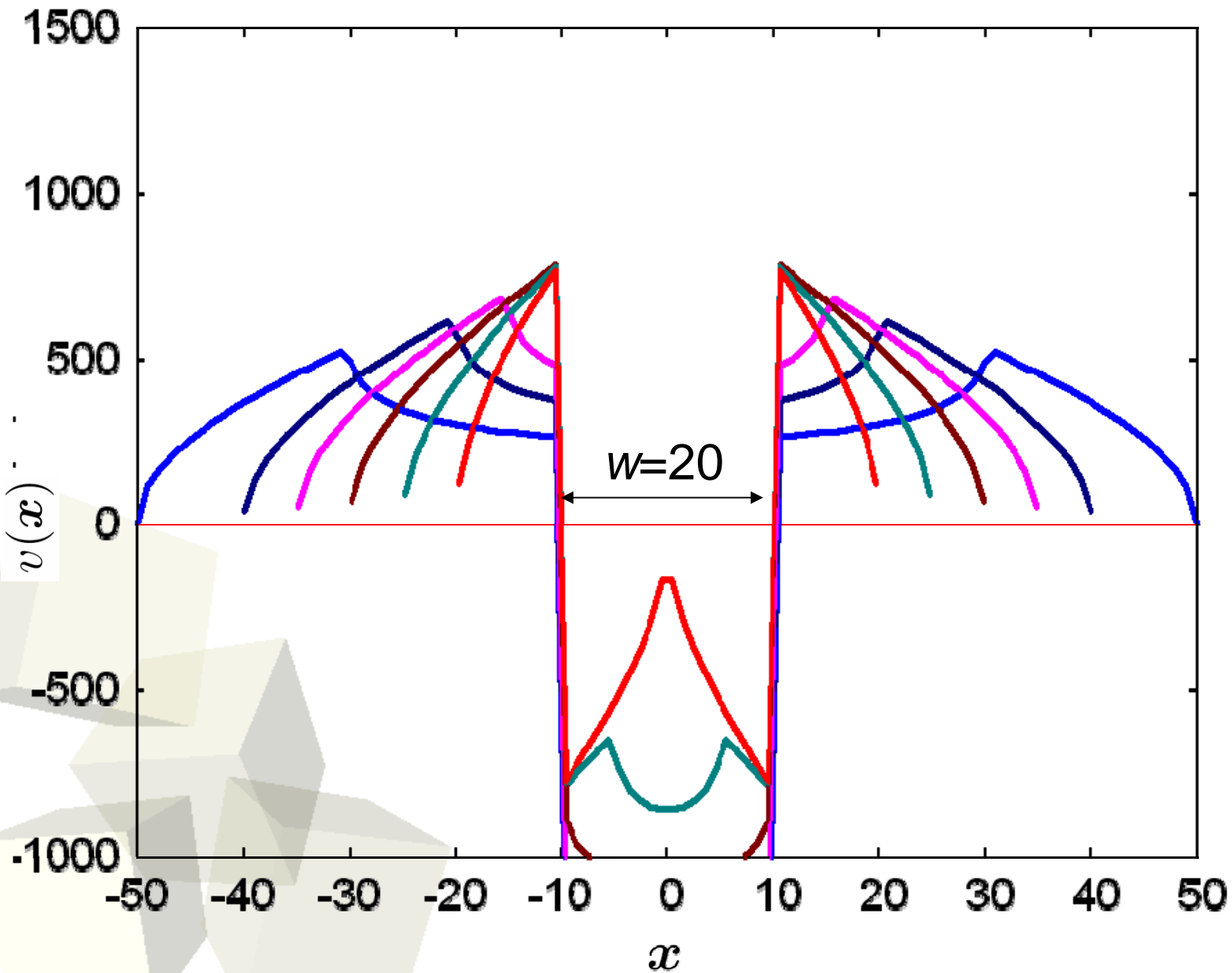
Circle Contrast as a spatial filter



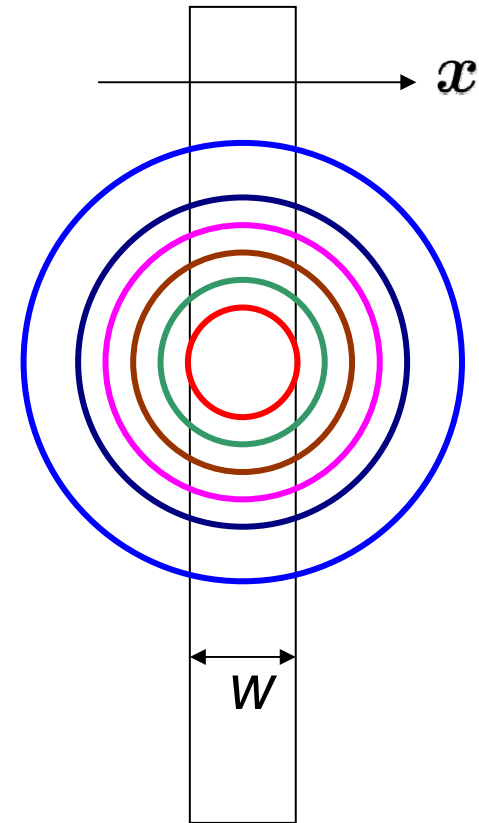
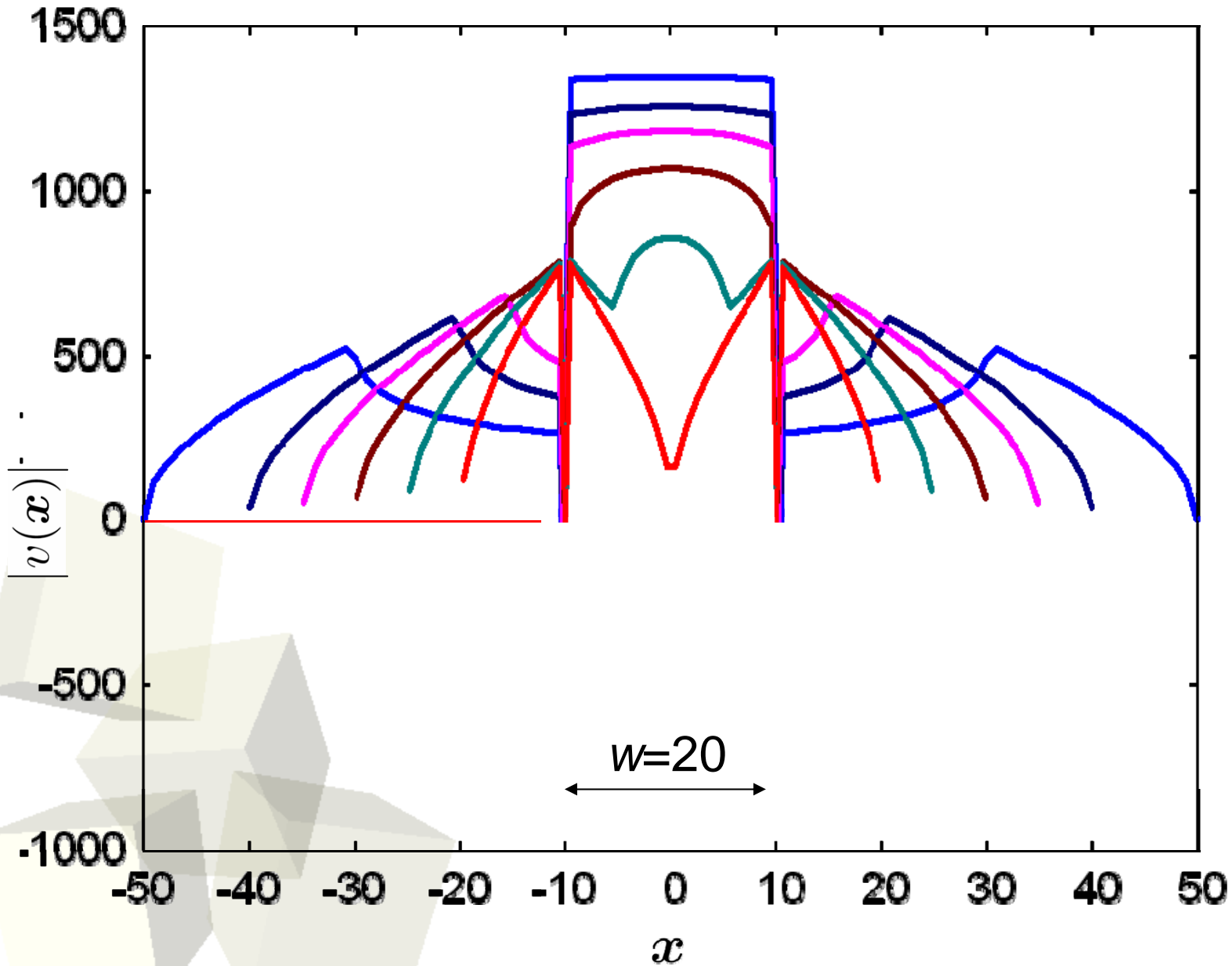
Response across the string



Response across the string

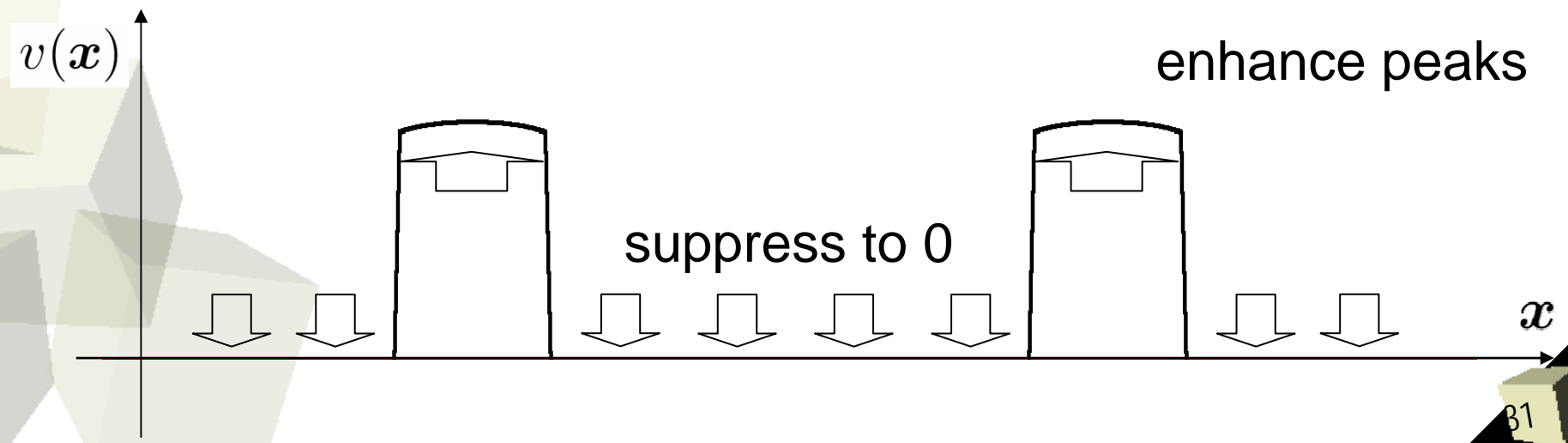
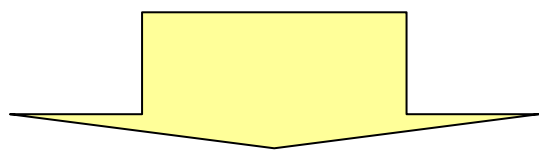
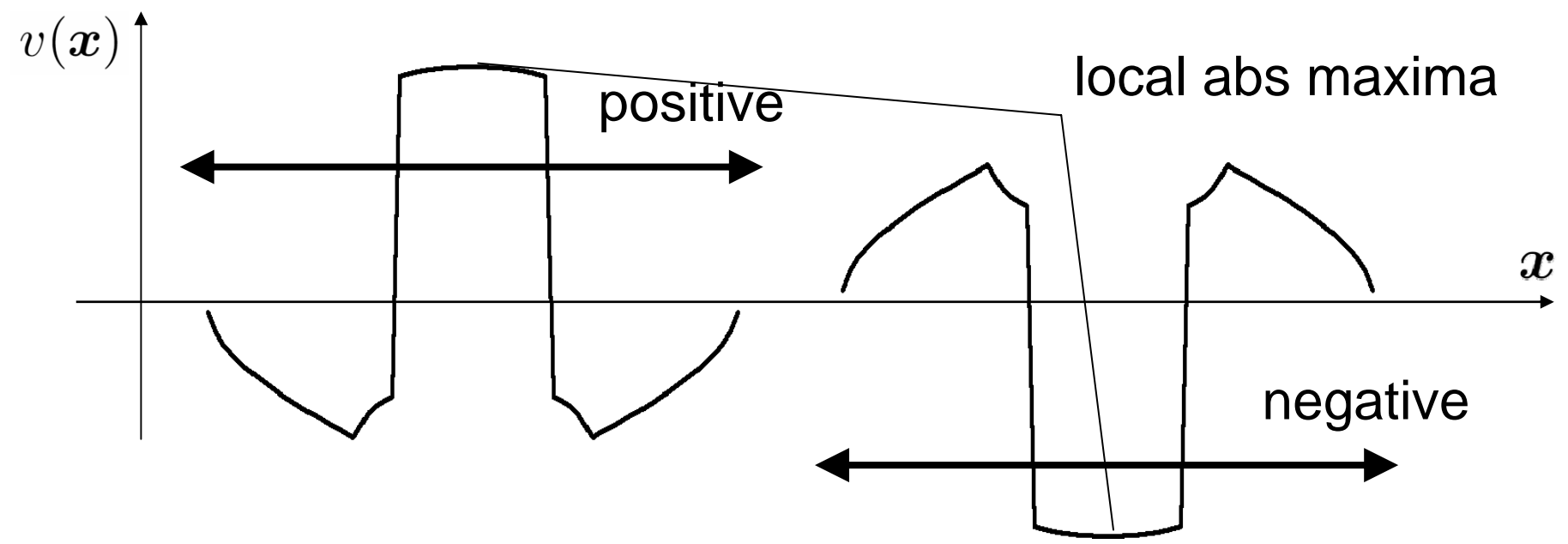


Response across the string





Absolute with locally largest value



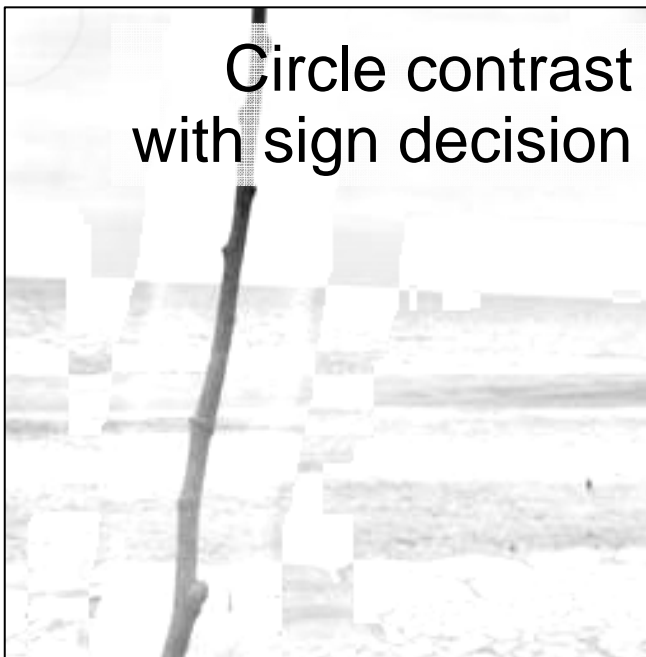


An example

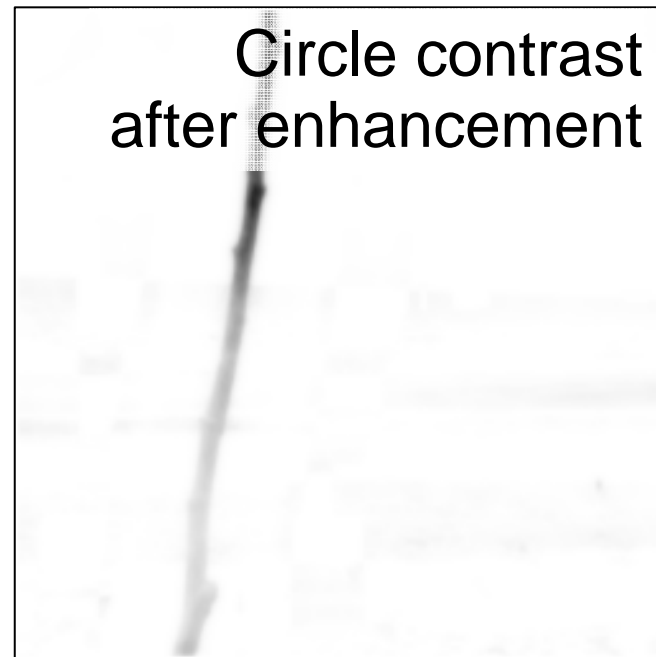
original image



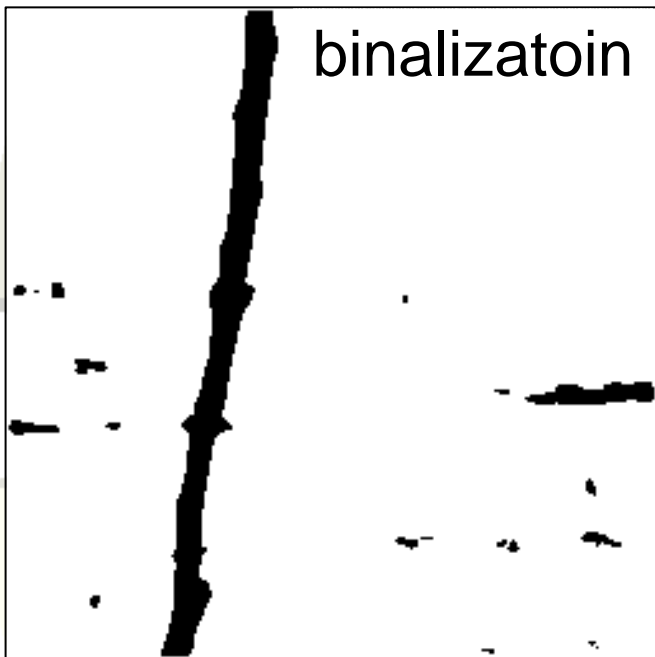
Circle contrast with sign decision



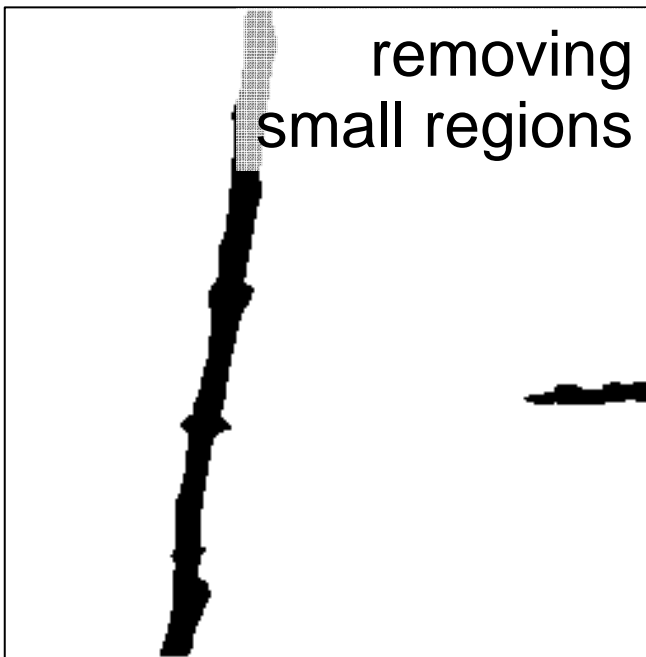
Circle contrast after enhancement



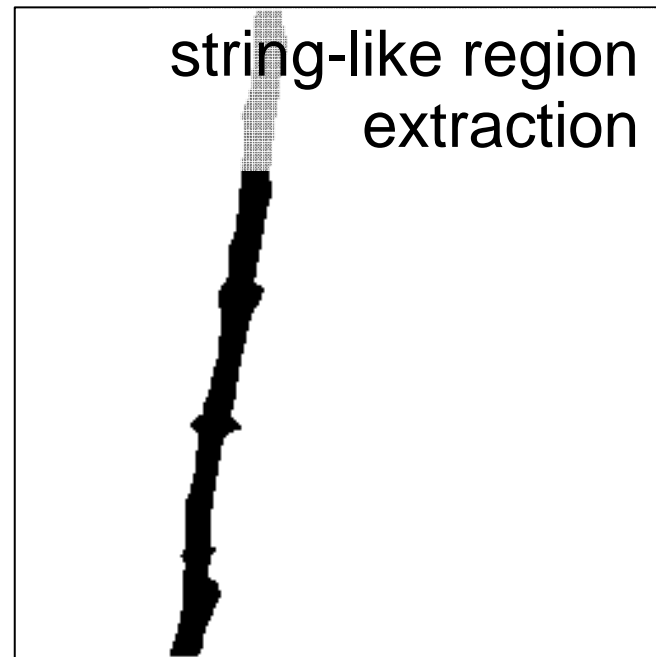
binalizatoin



removing small regions



string-like region extraction

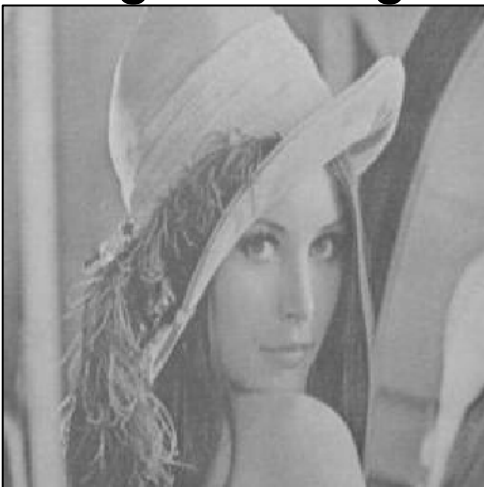




Evaluation for Extraction



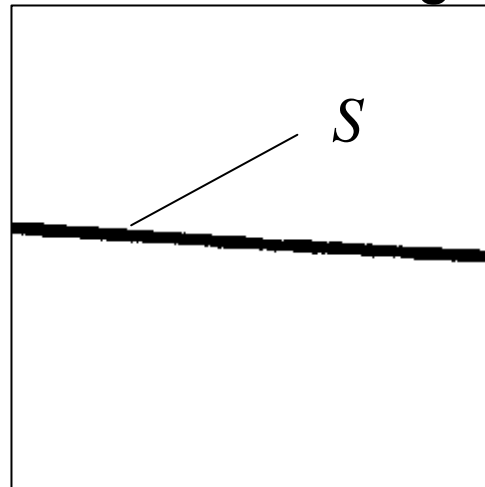
original image



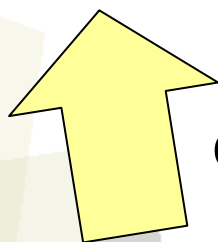
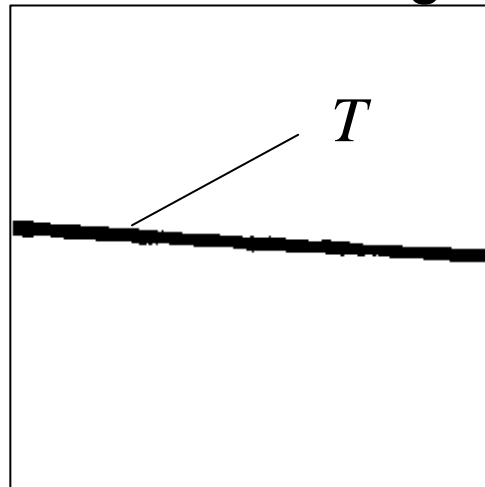
occluded image



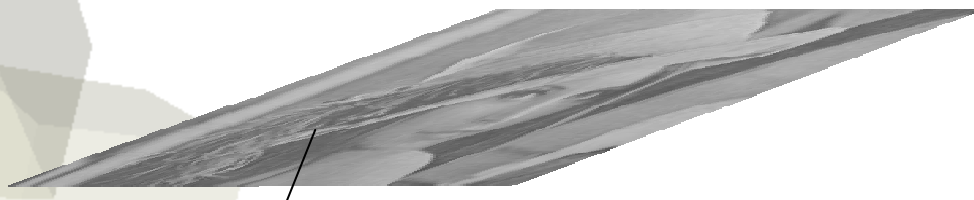
difference image



extracted image



capture



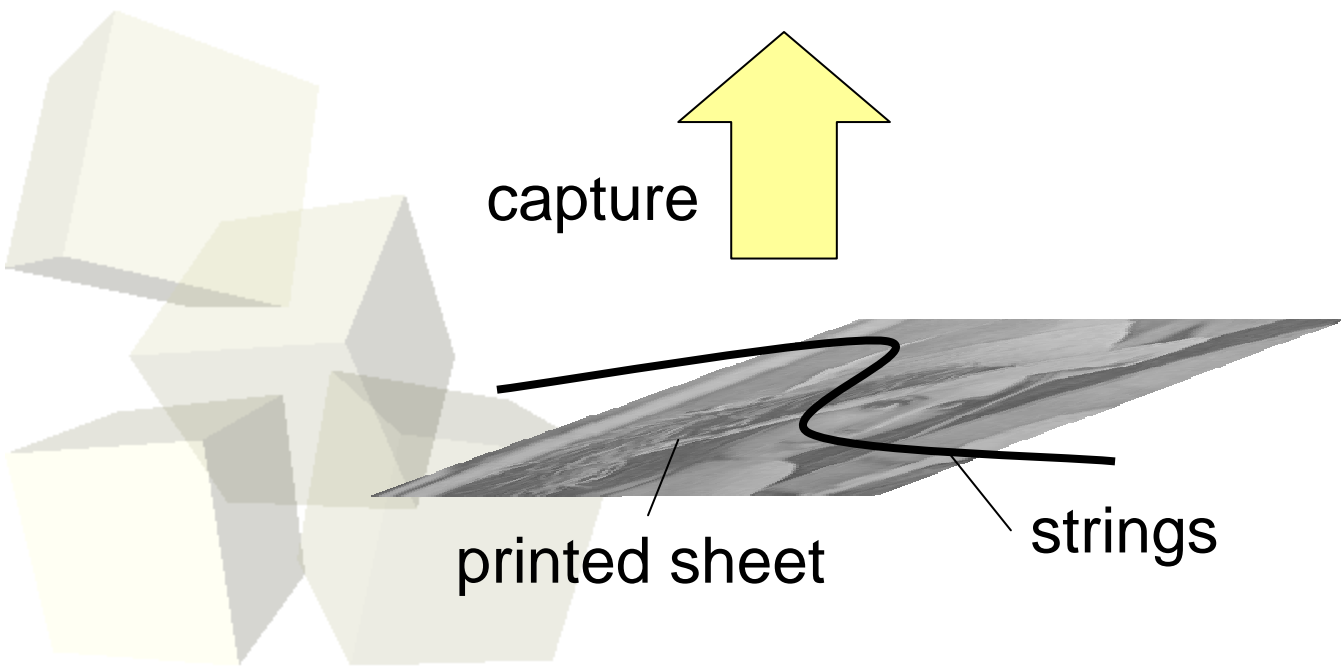
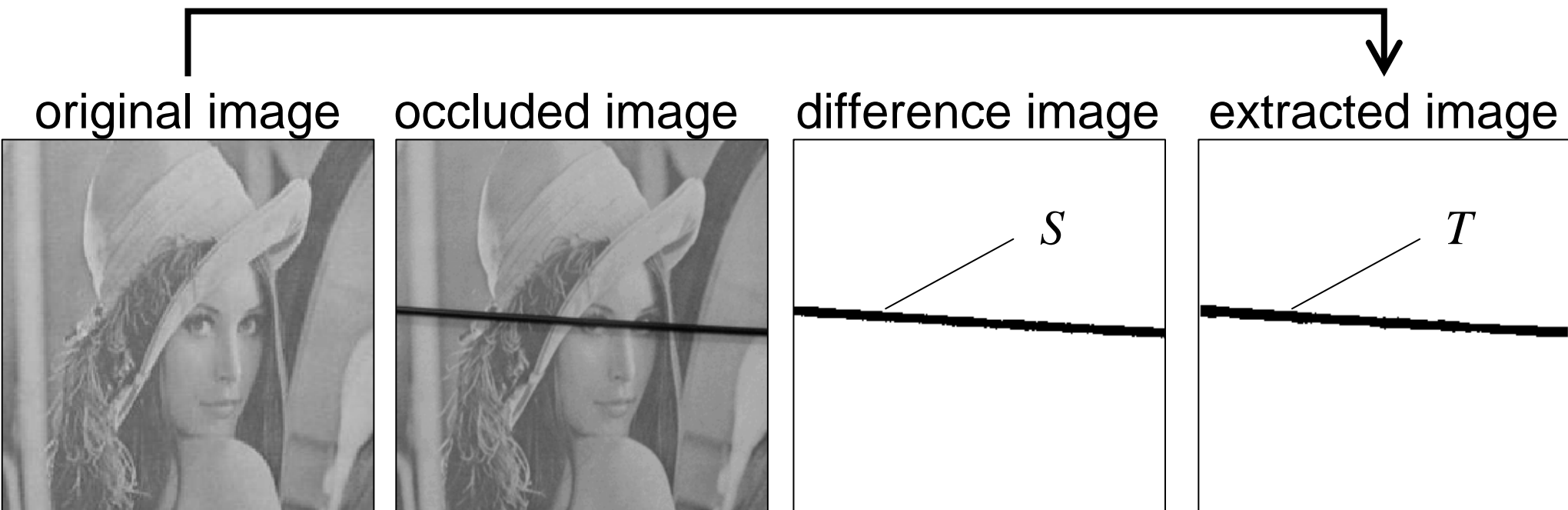
printed sheet

$$\text{FN: } \frac{\#(S - T \cap S)}{\#(S)}$$

$$\text{FP: } \frac{\#(T - T \cap S)}{\#(\bar{S})}$$



Evaluation for Extraction

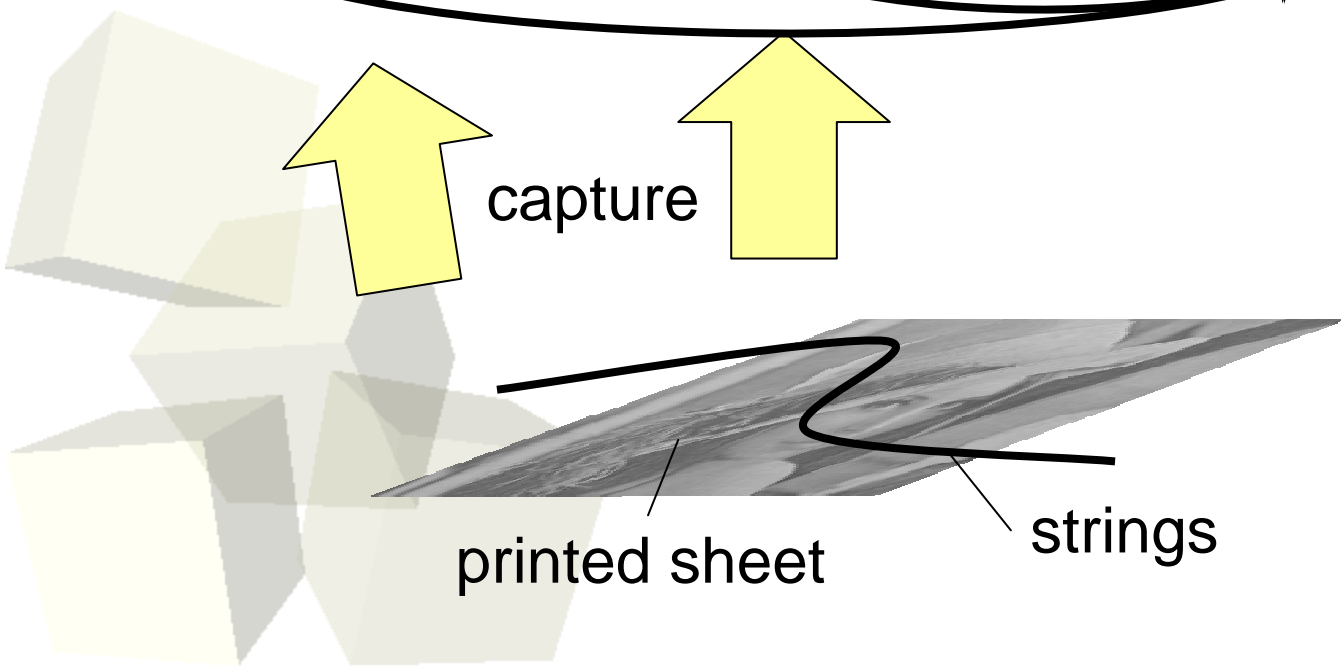
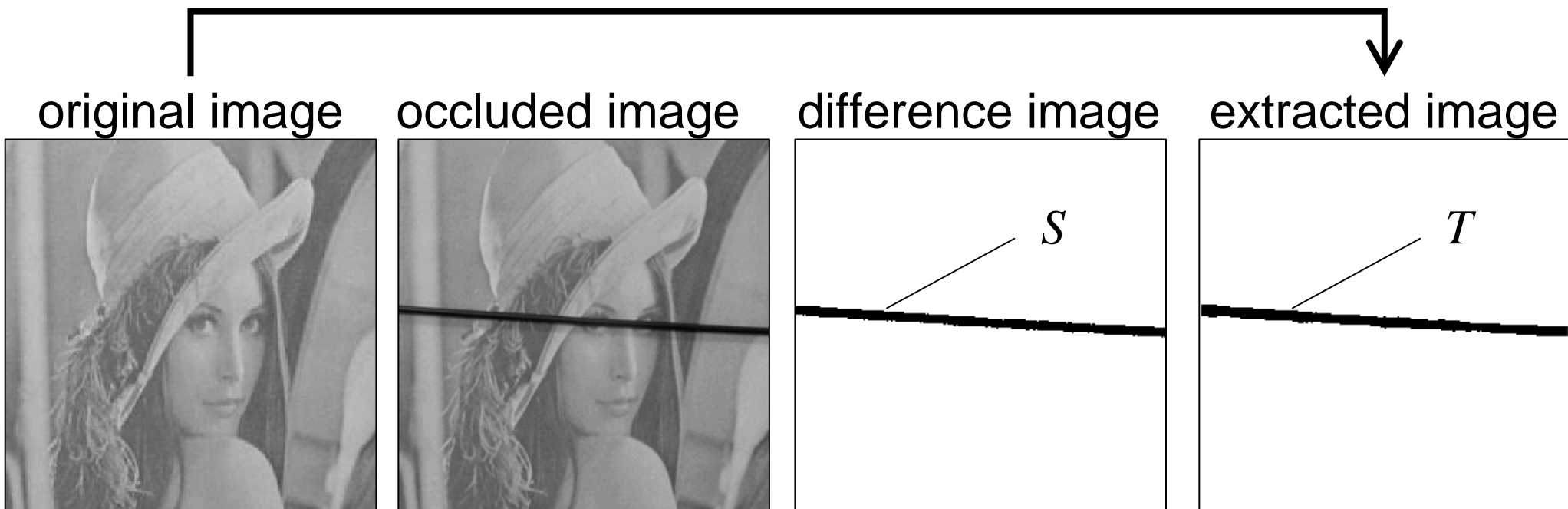


FN: $\frac{\#(S - T \cap S)}{\#(S)}$

FP: $\frac{\#(T - T \cap S)}{\#(\bar{S})}$



Evaluation for Extraction



FN: $\frac{\#(S - T \cap S)}{\#(S)}$

FP: $\frac{\#(T - T \cap S)}{\#(\bar{S})}$

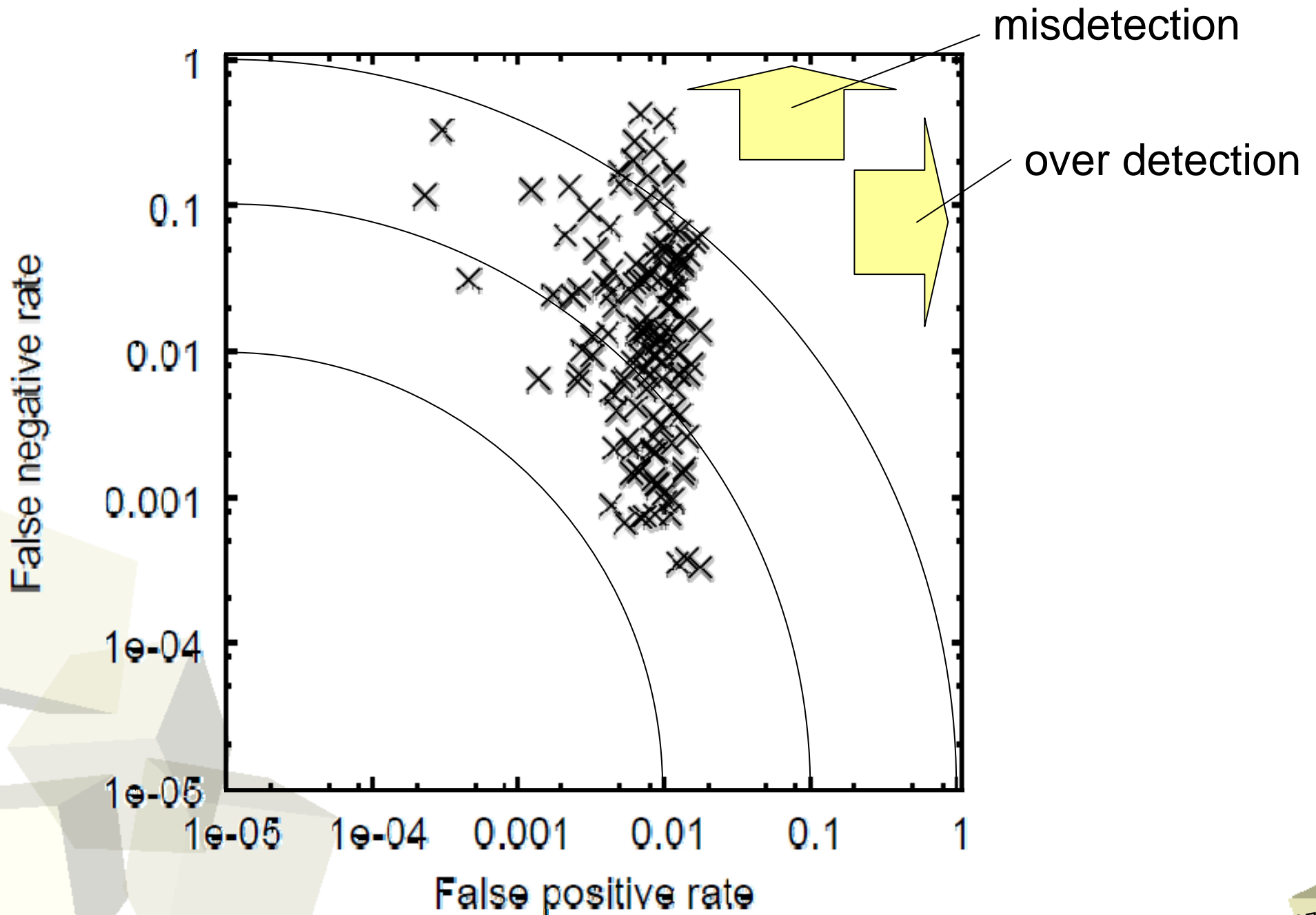


Images for Evaluation



Total: over 180 images

ROC Curve





Circle contrast as the radius changes

$w = 5$



$r_1=5$



$r_1=10$



$r_1=15$



$r_1=20$

appropriate parameter value:

$$r_1=3w$$

Binarization threshold of circle contrast

Threshold range: [0, 1]

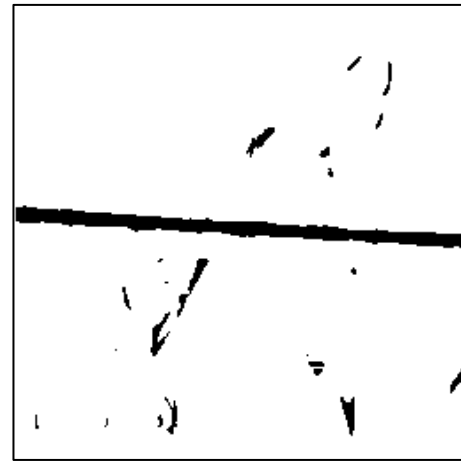
Results are very sensitive to threshold



$th=0.002$



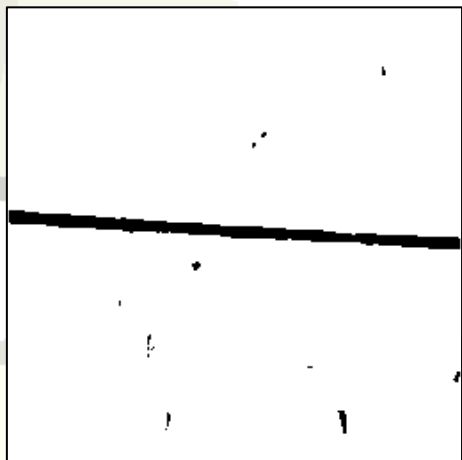
$th=0.003$



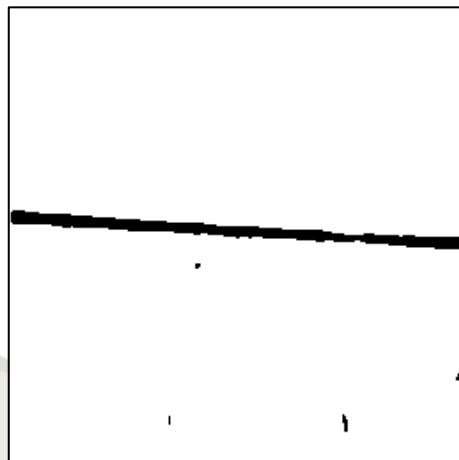
$th=0.004$



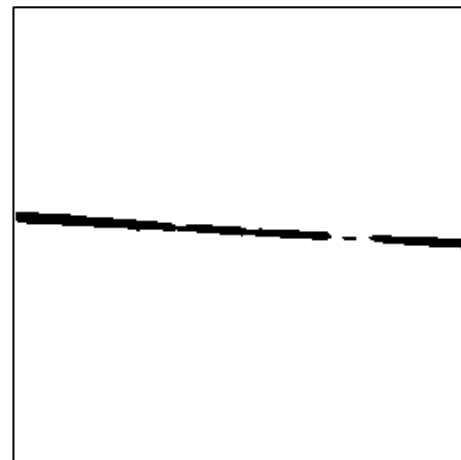
$th=0.005$



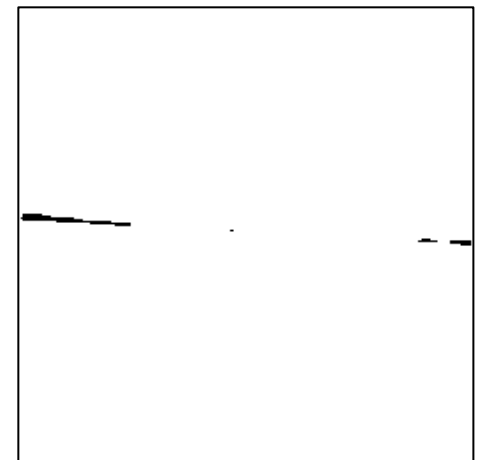
$th=0.006$



$th=0.007$



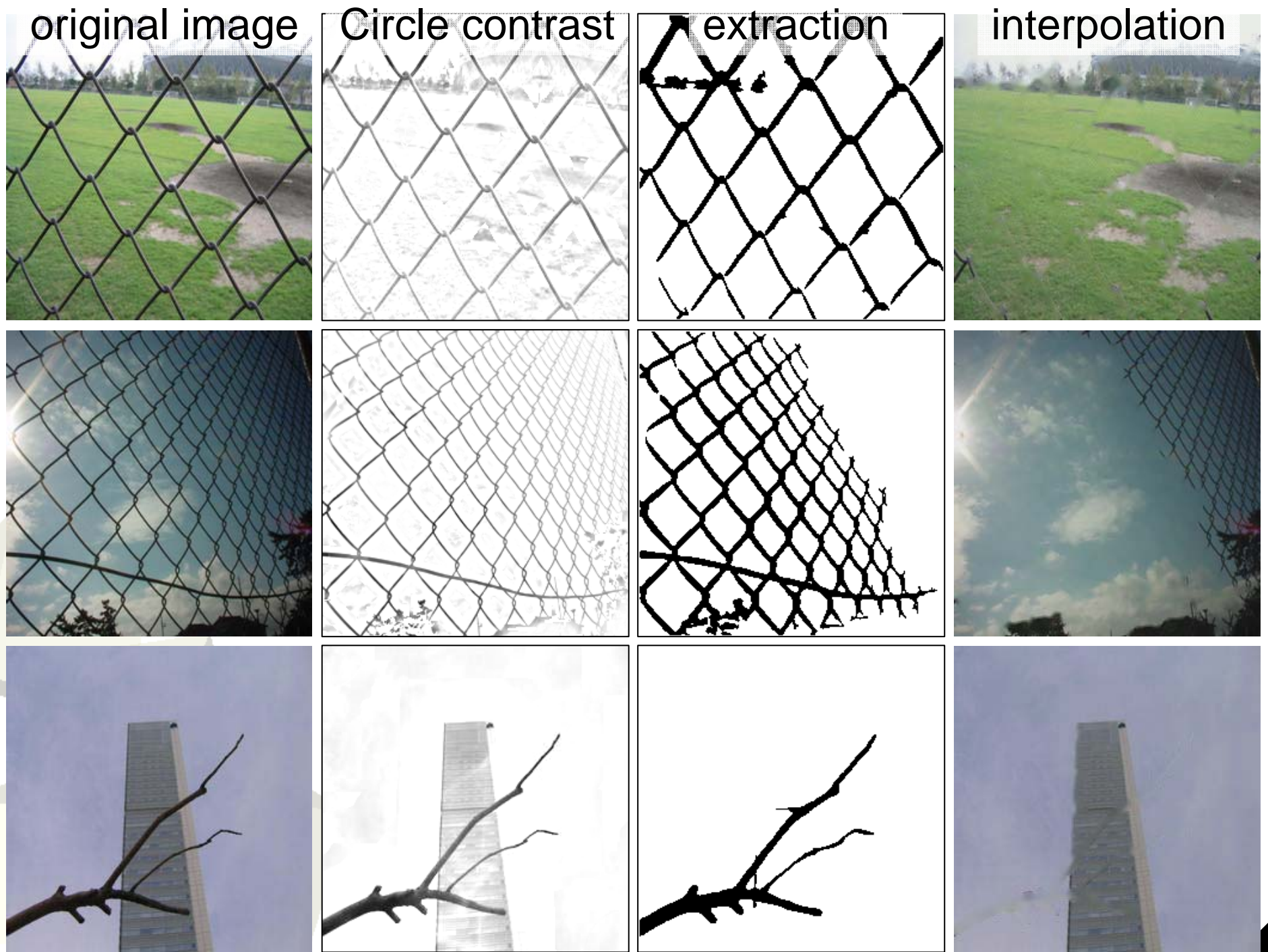
$th=0.010$



$th=0.020$



Experimental results





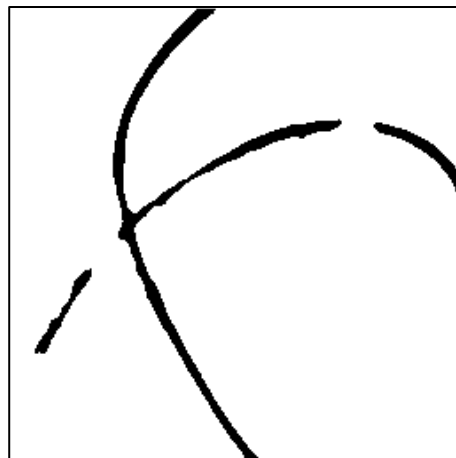
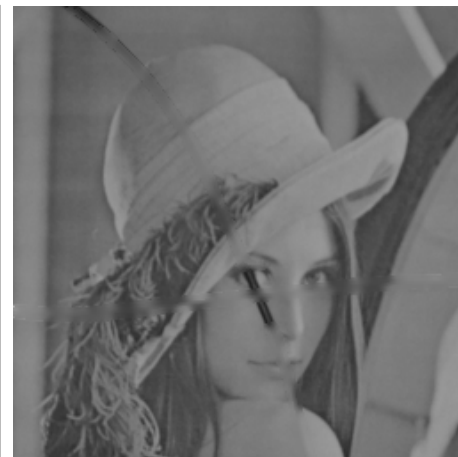
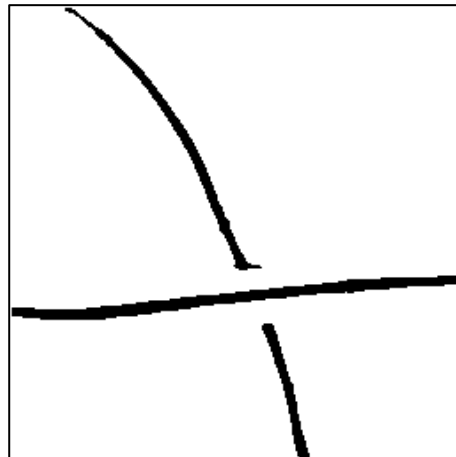
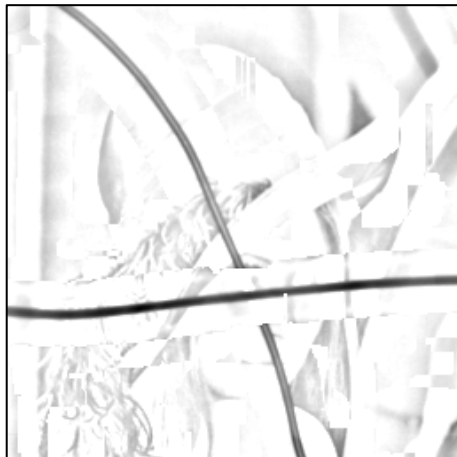
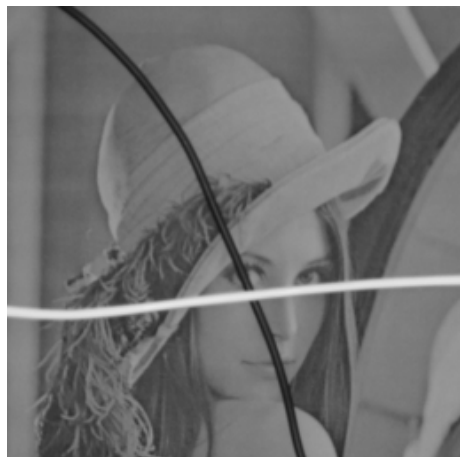
Experimental results

original image

Circle contrast

extraction

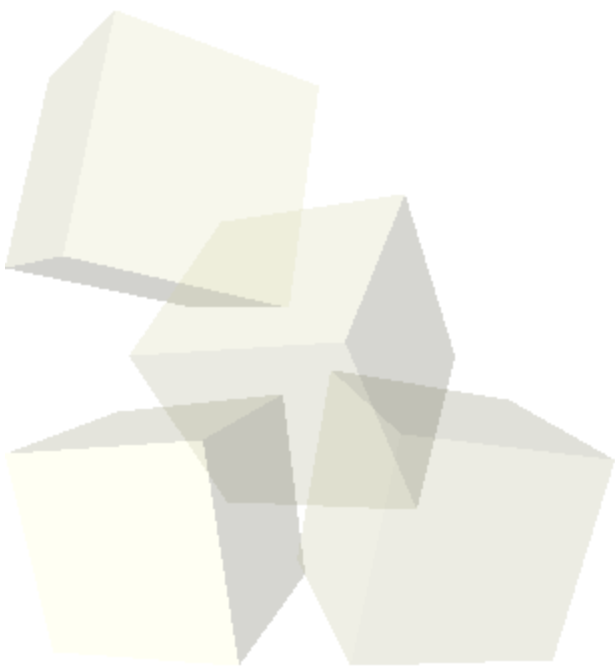
interpolation





■ Circle Contrast

- ◆ the circle radius r_1 by user is required
 - depends on images given
- ◆ sign determination is not enough
 - many artifacts
 - inappropriate decision at cross sections
- ◆ binarization threshold is the critical parameter



- String-like occluding object detection
 - ◆ proposed and analyzed the ***Circle Contrast***
 - simple model
 - good properties
 - needs parameter tuning
 - ◆ evaluated by experimental results with images
 - quantitatively with ROC curve
 - qualitatively as changing parameters
 - ◆ showed results images
 - with an simplest interpolation method

- Future works
 - ◆ make the circle contrast more robust
 - ◆ employ sophisticated binarization
 - ◆ consider color and texture