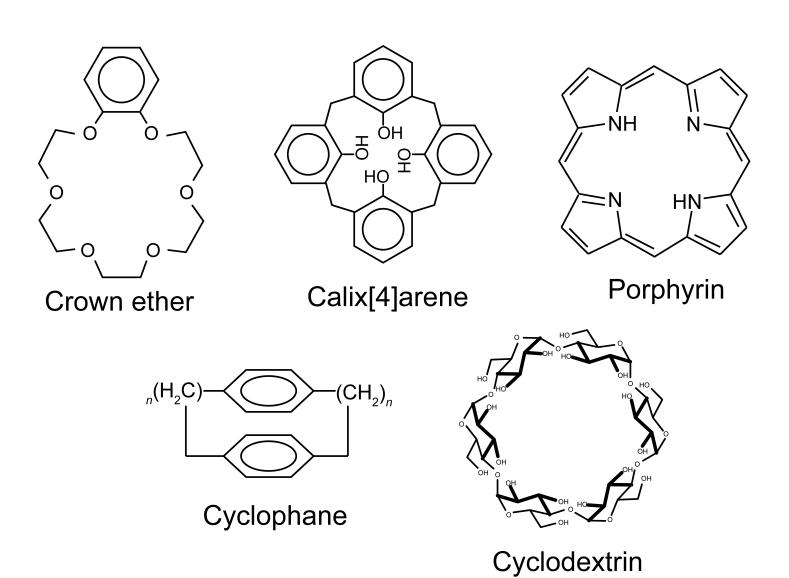
# "Cold" Ion Spectroscopy of Host-Guest Complexes in the Gas Phase

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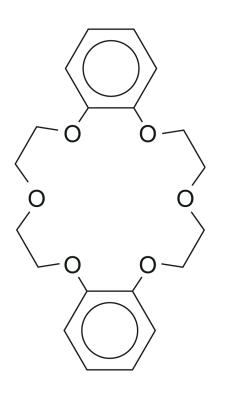
### **Host Molecules**

#### hold other ions and molecules inside



# **Crown Ethers (CEs)**

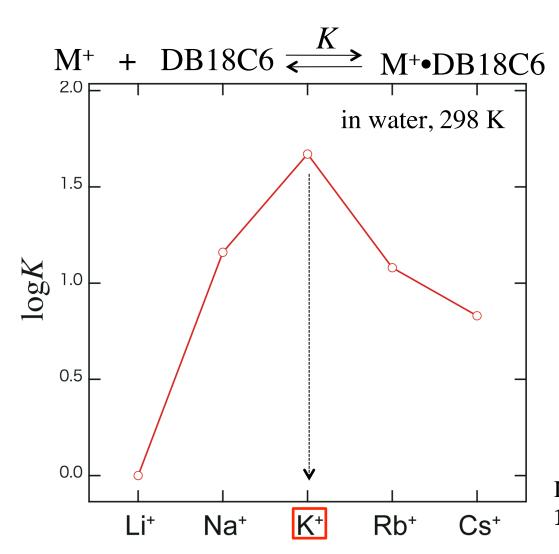
Crown ethers (CEs) show ion selectivity.

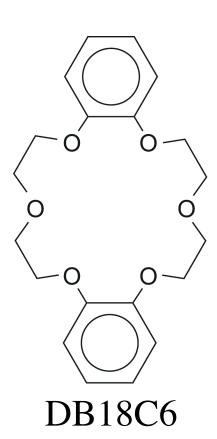


Dibenzo-18-crown-6 (DB18C6)

# Ion Selectivity of CE

DB18C6 captures K<sup>+</sup> selectively in water.

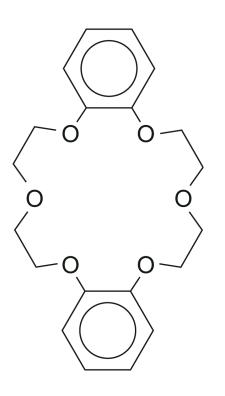




Izatt et al., *Chem. Rev.*, **1985**, *85*, 271.

#### **Our Final Goal**

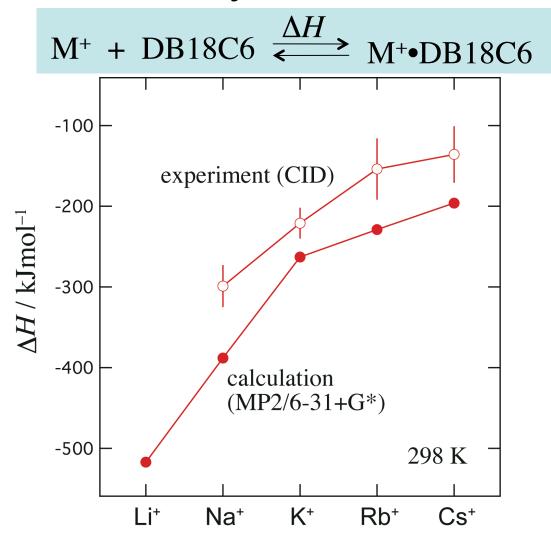
Our final goal is to reveal the origin of ion selectivity in terms of quantum chemistry.

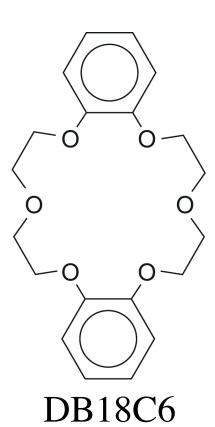


Dibenzo-18-crown-6 (DB18C6)

# **△***H* for Complex Formation

Bare complexes cannot explain the ion selectivity in solution.





Anderson et al., *Int. J. Mass Spectrom.*, **2003**, 227, 63.

# **Solvated Complexes**

Solvated complexes are used to examine the solvent effect at a molecular level.

$$M^{+} \cdot (H_{2}O)_{m} + CE \cdot (H_{2}O)_{n} \stackrel{K}{\longleftrightarrow}$$

$$(M^{+} \cdot CE) \cdot (H_{2}O)_{k}$$

# Relation between K, $\Delta G$ , $\Delta H$ , and $\Delta S$

We have to determine the structure and the number of conformers to evaluate the ion selectivity.

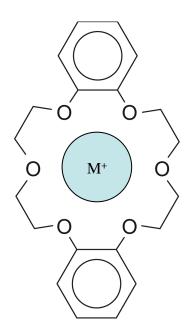
$$K = \exp\left(-\frac{\Delta G}{RT}\right)$$

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$$

- H and S depend on the structure.
- The more conformations a complex takes, the more stable it is.

# **This Study**

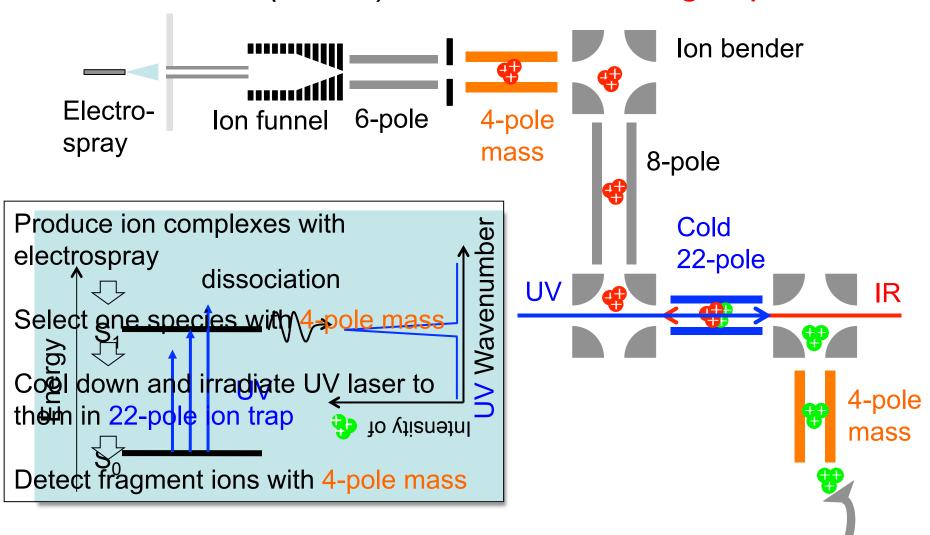
- M+•DB18C6 (M+ = Li+, Na+, K+, Rb+, Cs+)
- $M^+$ •DB18C6• $(H_2O)_n$  (n = 1-5)



- UV and IR spectroscopy in a cold, 22-pole ion trap
- The number and structure of conformers are determined.

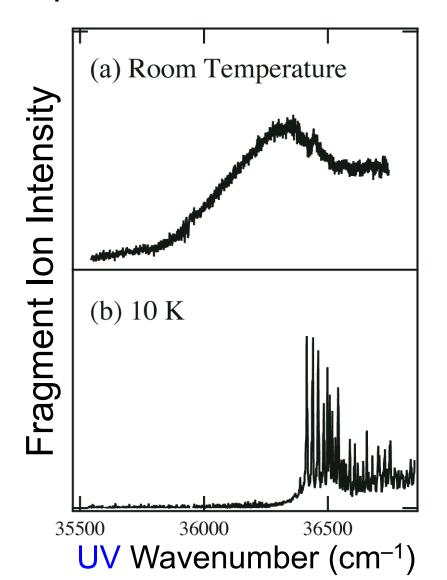
# **Experimental**

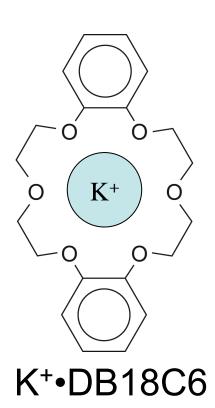
UV and IR spectra of ions are measured under cold (~10 K) conditions in the gas phase.



# Effect of the Cooling on UV Spectra

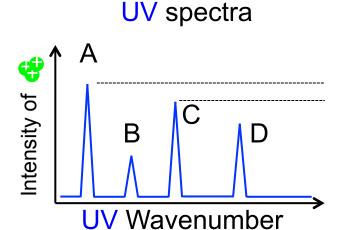
Sharp UV bands are observed thanks to the cooling.

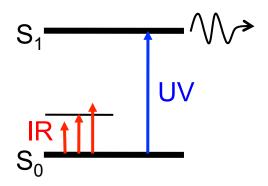




#### IR-UV Double-Resonance

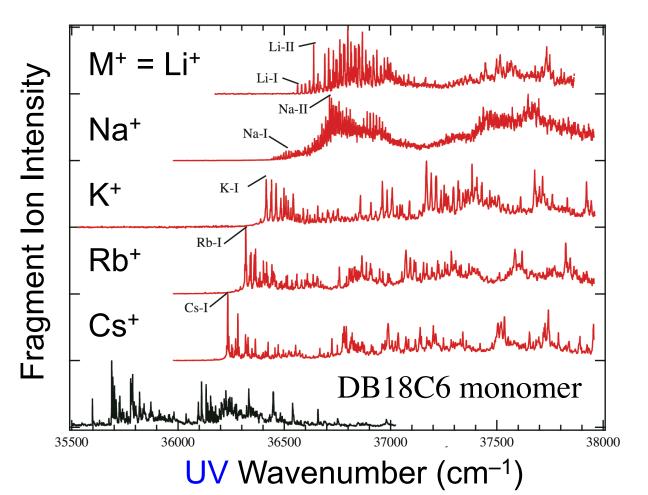
Conformer-specific IR spectra can be measured by IR-UV double-resonance.

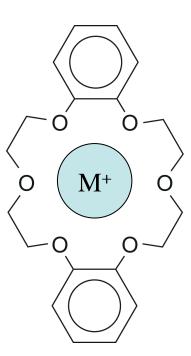




# **UV** Spectra of M+•DB18C6

All the complexes show sharp UV bands. Conformer-specific IR spectra can be measured.

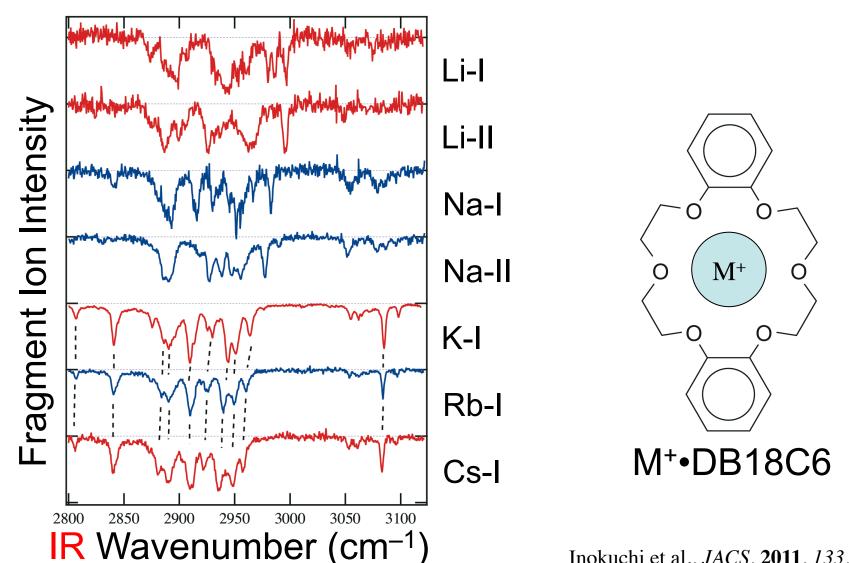




M+•DB18C6

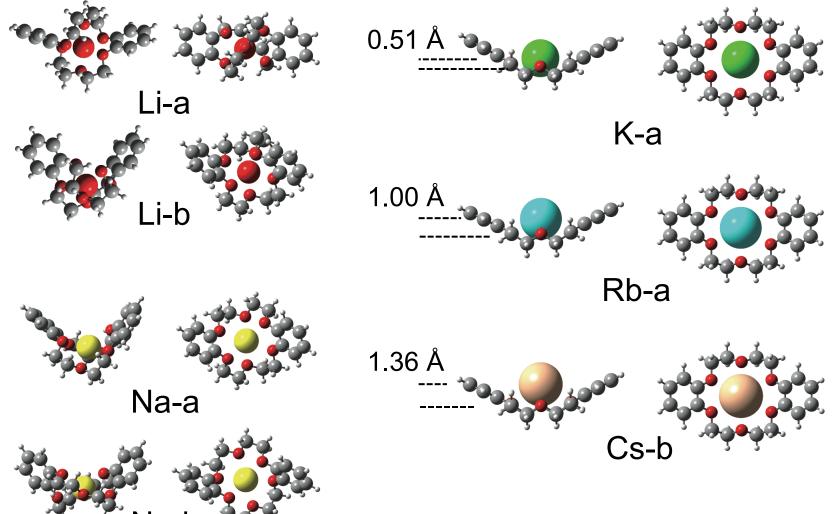
# IR Spectra of M\*•DB18C6

Different IR features originate from different conformers.



### Structure of M<sup>+</sup>•DB18C6

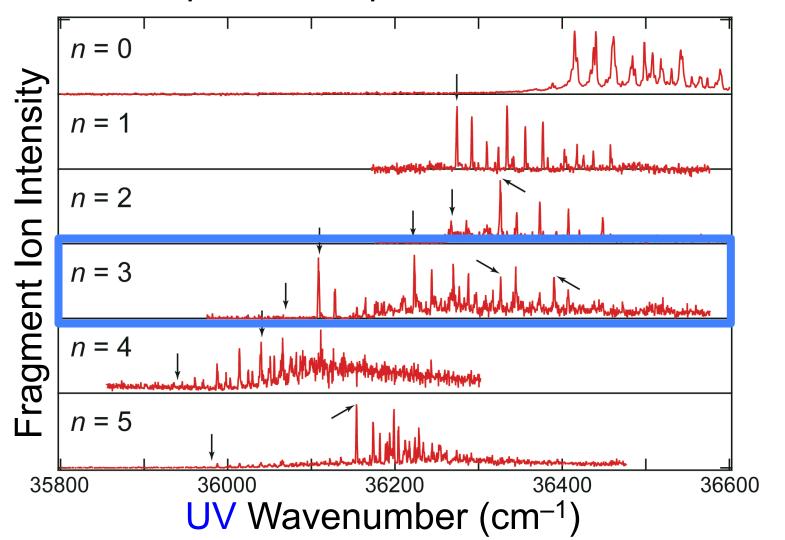
The conformer structure is determined with the aid of quantum chemical calculations.



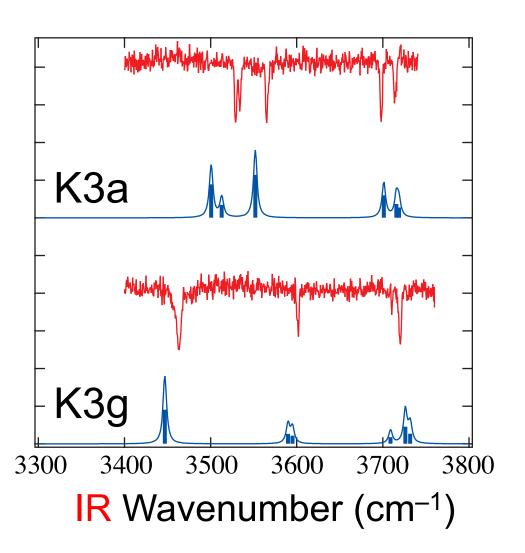
# UV Spectra of K+DB18C6•(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>n</sub>

UV spectra also show sharp bands.

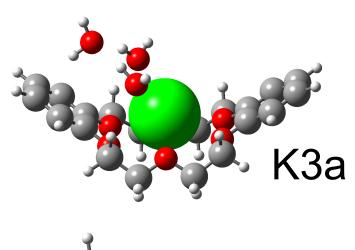
Conformer-specific IR spectra can be measured.

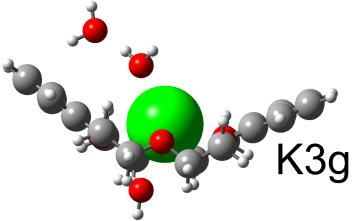


# Conformers of K<sup>+</sup>•DB18C6•(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>



Two conformers for K<sup>+</sup>.

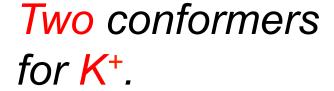


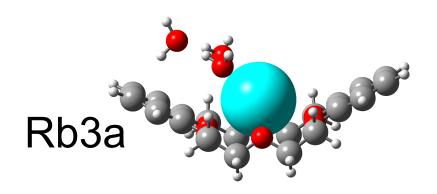


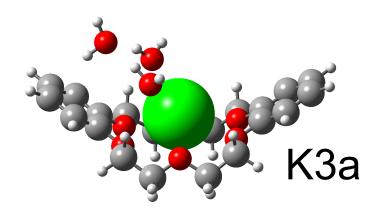
Inokuchi et al., *JACS*, **2014**, *136*, 1815.

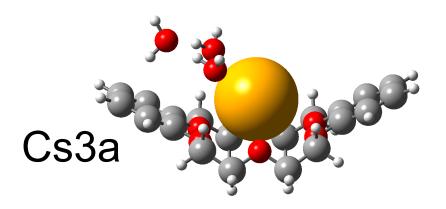
# Conformers of M<sup>+</sup>•DB18C6•(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>

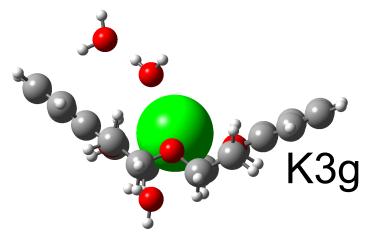
One conformer for Rb<sup>+</sup> and Cs<sup>+</sup>.





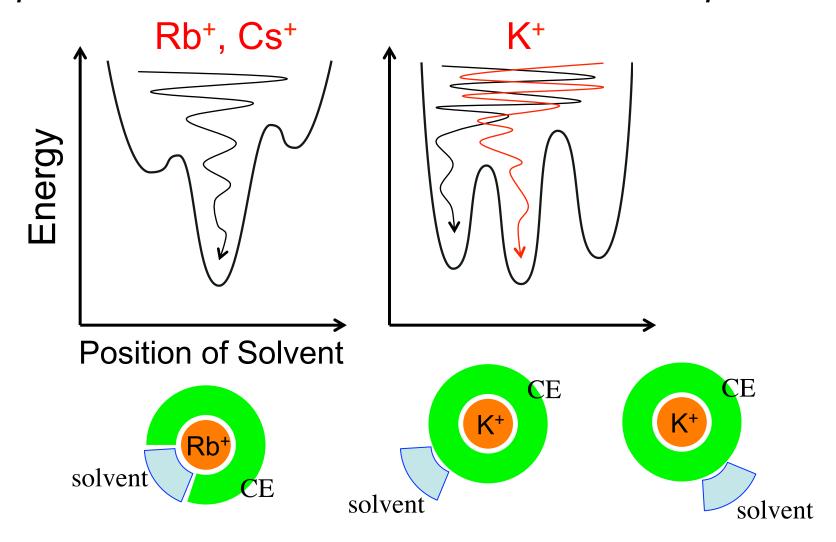






#### **The Number of Conformers**

If the metal ion is completely surrounded by CE, multiple conformers can exist for solvated complexes.



# What's happening in encapsulation?

We have just started understanding the relation between encapsulation and solvation.

$$M^{+} \cdot (H_{2}O)_{m} + CE \cdot (H_{2}O)_{n} \qquad \stackrel{K}{\longleftarrow}$$

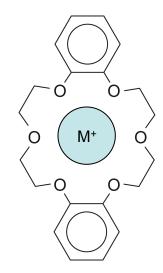
$$(M^{+} \cdot CE) \cdot (H_{2}O)_{k}$$

We can determine the structure and the number of conformers at the same time.

# **Summary**

We are still on a way to revealing the whole picture of the ion selectivity at a molecular level, but...

- M+•DB18C6 (M+ = Li+, Na+, K+, Rb+, Cs+)
- M<sup>+</sup>•DB18C6•(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>n</sub>
- UV and IR spectroscopy in a cold, 22-pole ion trap



- The structure and number of conformers are determined.
- Host-guest complexes with an optimum matching in size tend to give multiple conformers with solvent molecules, resulting in entopic advantages.

# Acknowledgment

■École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL)



Prof. Thomas R. Rizzo



Dr. Oleg V. Boyarkin



LCPM members

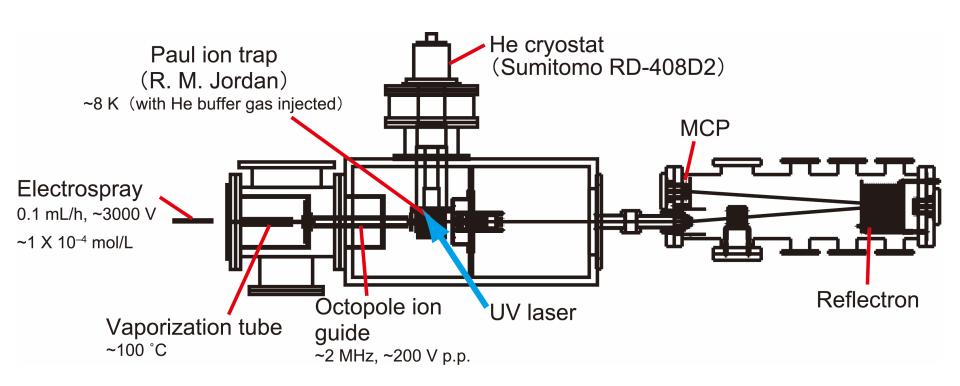
# Hiroshima University



Prof. Takayuki Ebata

# **Future Prospects**

# Quantum chemical approaches in host-guest chemistry Gas phase

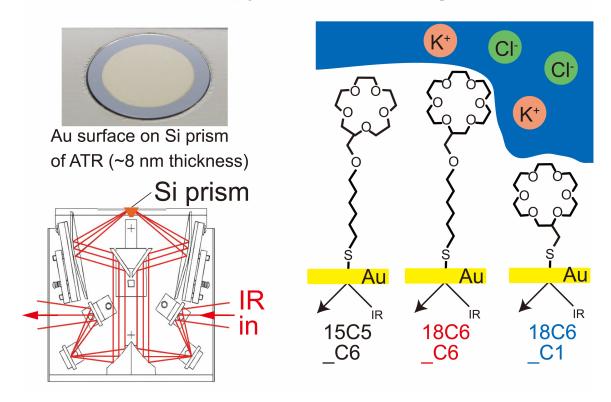


# **Future Prospects**

# Quantum chemical approaches in host-guest chemistry

# On gold surface

SEIRA (Surface-enhanced IR absorption) spectroscopy with ATR configuration



Inokuchi et al., Chem. Phys. Lett., **2014**, *592*, 90.

# **Thank You**

# Thank you for your attention!